

Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

62.89

Mar. 21, 1946

LIBRARY
RECORDED
★ MAY 10 1946 ★
U.S. Department of Agriculture

WOOD'S CROP SPECIAL

Giving Timely Information and Prices of Seasonable Seeds

PUBLISHED BY T. W. WOOD & SONS SEEDSMEN RICHMOND VA.



T. W. WOOD & SONS

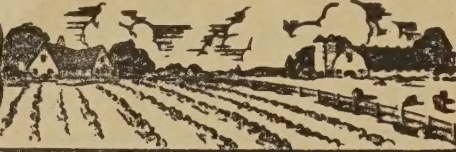
Seedsman Since 1879

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

Preferred

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE 3-2138

WE MAKE NO CHARGE FOR BAGS



T. W. WOOD & SONS
SEEDSMEN SINCE 1878
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA



WOOD'S SEEDS ARE TESTED

And we know that they will grow before they are sent out. Even then they occasionally do not come up, due to causes over which we have no control, such as covering too deeply or not deeply enough; too little or too much moisture, cold weather, insects, or a crust through which the sprouts cannot penetrate, etc.; therefore, T. W. Wood & Sons give no warranty, express or implied, as to the description (name and kind), productiveness or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants we sell, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. Our liability in all instances is limited to the purchase price of the seed.

Mention Crop Special No. 510

MARCH 21, 1946

CLOVER and GRASS SEEDS

	F. O. B. Richmond		Postpaid		
	60-lb. lots, and over, per lb.	5 to 59 lbs. per lb.	25 lbs.	10 lbs.	5 lbs.
Choice Recleaned Stock.					
F.O.B. Richmond.					
No Charge for Bags.					
RED CLOVER					
U. S. Grown. Sow 12 lbs. acre.....	\$.46	\$.48	\$12.65	\$5.15	\$2.65
MAMMOTH RED CLOVER (Sapling)					
U. S. Grown. Sow 12 lbs. acre.....	.45	.47	12.40	5.05	2.60
ALFALFA. Sow 25 lbs. acre.					
Oklahoma Grown. Approved, Prem. quality	.49½	.51½	13.55	5.50	2.85
Kansas Grown .....	.46½	.48½	12.80	5.20	2.65
Argentine Grown .....	.35	.37	9.90	4.05	2.10
ALSIKE CLOVER. Sow 5 to 8 lbs. acre...	.43½	.45½	12.25	4.90	2.55
WHITE SWEET CLOVER .....	.20	.22	6.15	2.55	1.35

The above are approximate O.P.A. ceiling prices. If ceiling prices lower will make refund, and if higher, will bill for balance. All clover seed in very short supply.

	F. O. B. Richmond		Postpaid		
	100-lb. lots, per lb.	25 to 99 5 to 24 per lb.	25 lbs.	10 lbs.	5 lbs.
LESPEDEZA—100-lb. bags.					
Korean. Sow 25 lbs. acre.....	\$.10½	\$.11	\$.13	\$3.40	\$1.65
Korean—Dodder Free .....	.11½	.12	.14	3.65	1.75
Korean—Certified—(Sold Out)					
Kobe. Sow 25 lbs. acre .....	.16½	.17	.19	4.95	2.25
Sericea, Unhulled. 30 lbs. acre...	.22	.23	.25	6.40	2.85
Hulled and Scarified. 20 lbs. acre.	.30	.31	.33	8.40	3.65
ALYCE CLOVER. 25 lbs. acre.....	.35	.36	.38	9.65	4.15
WHITE DUTCH CLOVER, lb. \$1.35 1.25	1.27	1.30	32.40	13.35	6.75
Wood's Dixie—(Sold Out)					
Ladino White Clover, lb. \$2.30....	2.15	2.20	2.25	55.65	22.85
CRIMSON CLOVER. 20 lbs. acre.					
Domestic Grown. 99% pure.....	.20	.21	.23	5.90	2.65
HAIRY VETCH .....	.16½	.17	.19	4.90	2.25

	F.O.B. Richmond		Postpaid		
	100-lb. lots, per lb.	25 to 99, 5 to 24, per lb.	25 lbs.	10 lbs.	5 lbs.
GRASS SEEDS					
TIMOTHY. Sow 15 lbs. acre.					
Extra Fancy. 99.50% pure	\$.09½	\$.10	\$.12	\$3.15	\$1.55
RYE GRASS—Domestic, 20c. per lb.	.13	.14	.16	4.15	1.95
Perennial Rye Grass, 30c. per lb.	.23	.24	.26	6.65	2.95
ORCHARD GRASS					
Extra Fancy, Onion Free .....	.42	.43	.45	11.40	4.85
KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS .....	.54	.55	.57	14.40	6.05
Super Grade. 15 lbs. acre .....	.69	.70	.72	18.15	7.55
RED TOP or HERDS GRASS .....	.18	.18½	.20	5.30	2.35
Super Grade. 10 lbs. acre.....	.21	.22	.24	6.15	2.65
CARPET GRASS. 15 lbs. acre.....	.25	.26	.28	7.15	3.15
Super Grade .....	.30	.28	.33	8.40	3.65
CHEWING'S FESCUE. 30 lbs. acre.	.78	.80	.83	20.65	8.65
BENT—Astoria or Colonial, Certified	1.10	1.12	1.15	28.85	11.85
MEADOW FESCUE .....	.35	.36	.38	9.65	4.15
BERMUDA GRASS—Unhulled .....	.55	.57	.60	14.90	6.35
Hulled .....	.75	.77	.80	20.00	8.35
SUDAN GRASS. Sow 25 lbs. acre.	.10	.11	.13	3.40	1.65
Wood's No. 23 Sudan Grass.....	.12	.13	.15	3.90	1.85
Sweet Sudan Grass .....	.16	.17	.19	4.90	2.25
DALLAS GRASS, Australian Grown—(None at Present)					

Wood's Special Grass and Clover Mixtures Sow 30 to 35 lbs. per acre.

Permanent Pasture Mixtures, 1 to 3..	\$.28	\$.28½	\$.30	\$7.80	\$3.35	\$1.75
Permanent Hay Mixtures, 6 to 8...	.28	.28½	.30	7.80	3.35	1.75
Southern Per. Pasture Hay Mix. 12.	.28	.28½	.30	7.80	3.35	1.75

WOOD'S SEED INOCULATION

Be sure to specify the group wanted. Prices are postpaid.

GROUP 1—Alfalfa, Sweet Clover, Bur Clover and Black Medic.	1 bu.	.50
	2½ bu.	1.00
GROUP 2—Clovers, Medium Red, Crimson, Mammoth, Alsike, Ladino, Dixie White and White Dutch.	1 bu.	.50
	2½ bu.	1.00
GROUP 3—Lespedeza, all varieties; Sericea, Korean, Common, Kobe and Tennessee No. 76.	Up to 100 lbs.	.50
GROUP 4—Soybeans, all varieties.	2 bus.	.30
	5 bus.	.55
	25 bus.	2.50
	30 bus.	3.00
GROUP 5—Cowpeas, Peanuts, Lima Beans, Velvet Beans, Crotalaria, Kudzu, Sesbania and Beggar Weed.	2 bus.	.30
	5 bus.	.55
	25 bus.	2.50
	30 bus.	3.00
GROUP 6—Field Beans, Wax, String, Navy, Snap, Kidney and Scarlet Runner—Garden Beans.	1 bus.	.35
GROUP 7—Large Package—All Vetches; Spring, Wild, Common, Hairy or Winter and Hungarian.	1 bus.	.35
Peas: Austrian, Canada, Garden, Sweet and Canning Peas.	100 lbs.	.55
Broad Bean, Lentil.		
GROUP 8—Garden Combination for Garden Peas and Beans, Sweet Peas, Lima Beans and Lupine.	5 lbs. or less	.10

WOOD'S VICTORY GARDEN FERTILIZERS

WOOD'S VICTORY GARDEN FERTILIZER—Analysis: 5% Nitrogen, 10% Phosphoric Acid, 5% Potash. Prices: 25 lbs. \$1.00; 100 lbs. \$2.50.

WOOD'S HIGH-GRADE SHEEP MANURE—The Great Natural Fertilizer. Prices, F.O.B. Richmond: 25 lbs. 85c.; 50 lbs. \$1.50; 100 lbs. \$2.75.

WOOD'S HIGH-GRADE COW MANURE—Prices, F.O.B. Richmond: 25 lbs. 85c.; 50 lbs. \$1.50; 100 lbs. \$2.75.

HYDRATED LIME—Prices, F.O.B. Richmond, 10 lbs. 20c.; 50 lbs. 60c.

"VIGORO" FERTILIZER—A Complete Plant Food. Analysis: 5% Nitrogen, 10% Phosphoric Acid, 5% Potash. Prices, F. O. B. Richmond, 5 lbs. 50c.; 10 lbs. 80c.; 25 lbs. \$1.45; 50 lbs. \$2.35; 100 lbs. \$3.70.

VIGORO—Regular Stock for Lawns and Flowers. Analysis: 4% Nitrogen, 12% Phosphoric Acid, 4% Potash. Prices: F.O.B. Richmond, 5 lbs. 45c.; 10 lbs. 85c.; 25 lbs. \$1.50; 50 lbs. \$2.50; 100 lbs. \$4.00.

PEAT MOSS—By mail, postpaid, 10 lbs., \$1.25. Not postpaid, 10 lbs. 70c.; 50 lbs., \$2.25; bale, about 20 bus., \$4.00.

Wood's Seed Potatoes

Market Firm and Higher. Spot Stocks Scarce

Our Selected Brand.	Peck.	Bus.,	Per
Grown from Certified Seed	15 lbs.	60 lbs.	100-lb. bag
IRISH COBBLER:			
Selected Maine Grown	\$.80	\$2.60	\$4.00
Certified Maine Grown	.85	2.95	4.65
KATAHDIN:			
Selected Maine Grown	.85	2.70	4.00
Certified Maine Grown	.90	3.00	4.65
GREEN MOUNTAIN:			
Selected Maine Grown	.85	2.75	4.10
Certified Maine Grown	.90	3.00	4.65
SEBAGO—Certified Maine Grown	.90	3.10	4.75
CHIPPEWA—Selected Maine Grown	.85	2.80	4.40
CHUFAS—(Sold Out)			

SEED SWEET POTATOES

Orders Now Booked for Shipment About April 1st

Packed in 1-bus. Hampers.	Peck, 12½ lbs.	Bus., 50 lbs.
PORTO RICO	\$.90	\$3.00
NANCY HALL—Certified	1.00	3.50

Early Booked Orders Advisable

Shipment by Express or Truck Line Only

Sorghum--Millet--Peanuts, Etc.

F.O.B. Richmond.	100-lb. lots,	25 to 99	5 to 24	Postpaid		
No charge for Bags.	per lb.	Lb.	Lb.	25 lbs.	10 lbs.	5 lbs.
SORGHUM —Early Amber	\$.09½	\$.10	\$.12	\$3.15	\$1.55	\$.85
Early Orange. Sow 50 lbs. acre.	.09½	.10	.12	3.15	1.55	.85
Sugar Drip, for syrup, 8 lbs. acre.	.12½	.13	.15	3.90	1.85	1.00
HEGARI —Certified	.07	.07½	.09	2.55	1.25	.70
WOOD'S COMBINE MILO	.08	.08½	.10	2.80	1.40	.75
Certified Martin's Combine Milo	.08	.08½	.10	2.80	1.40	.75
SHALLU or EGYPTIAN WHEAT	.12	.13	.15	3.90	1.85	1.00
MILLET —German	.09	.10	.12	3.15	1.55	.85
Pearl or Cattail, drill 5 lbs. acre.	.12½	.13	.15	3.90	1.85	1.00
Proso or Hog Millet, 50 lbs. acre.	.07½	.08	.10	2.65	1.35	.75
Brown Top Millet	.20	.21	.23	5.90	2.65	1.40
BROOM CORN —Early Japanese	.17	.18	.20	5.15	2.35	1.25
Standard Evergreen, drill 6 lbs.	.17	.18	.20	5.15	2.35	1.25
RAPE —Dwarf Essex, 6 lbs. acre.	.20	.21	.23	5.90	2.65	1.40
TEOSINTE , drill 3 lbs. acre. Lb. 65c.	.57	.58	.60	14.90	6.35	3.25
BUCKWHEAT —Japanese. 50 lbs.	.05½	.06	.08	2.15	1.15	.65
PEANUTS —Virginia Jumbo	.17	.18	.20	5.15	2.35	1.25
White Spanish	.17	.18	.20	5.15	2.35	1.25
Improved White Spanish	.20	.21	.23	5.90	2.65	1.40
Improved Valencia	.20	.21	.23	5.90	2.65	1.40
CROTALARIA 100-lb. Bags.						
Late Spectabilis	.27½	.28	.30	7.65	3.35	1.75
Intermedia	.37½	.38	.40	10.15	4.35	2.25
Giant Striata	.27½	.28	.30	7.65	3.35	1.75
Wood's Quail Planting Mixture	.12	.13	.15	3.90	1.85	1.00
Wood's Game Bird Scatter Food	.08½	.09	.11	2.90	1.45	.80
SESBANIA	.20	.21	.23	5.90	2.65	1.40
CANADA FIELD PEAS	.08½	.09	.11	2.90	1.45	.80
AUSTRIAN WINTER PEAS	.07	.07½	.09	2.55	1.25	.70
HAIRY VETCH	.16½	.17	.19	4.90	2.25	1.20

SUNFLOWER—Mammoth Russian 100-lb. bags.

Giant Size	.16	.17	.19	4.90	2.25	1.20
MUNG BEANS	.20	.21	.23	5.90	2.65	1.40
NAVY BEANS	.15	.16	.18	4.65	2.15	1.15

WOOD'S LAWN GRASSES

Wood's Evergreen. Lb. 50c.	.45	.46	.48	12.15	5.15	2.65
Wood's Emerald Park. Lb. 40c.	.32	.33	.35	8.90	3.85	2.00
Wood's Dixie. Lb. 45c.	.37	.38	.40	10.15	4.35	2.25
Wood's Super-Green. Lb. 65c.	.57	.58	.60	15.15	6.35	3.25
Wood's Shady Park. Lb. 60c.	.53	.54	.56	14.15	5.95	3.05

COTTON SEED, TREATED

Plant 30 to 40 lbs. acre. Delinted, 20 to 25 lbs. acre.

100-lb. bags. Bus. = 30 lbs.	POSTPAID		F.O.B. RICHMOND		
	½ Bus.	Bus.	Bus.	100 Lbs.	Lbs.
Improved Ceresan Treated	2.10	3.80	3.35	10.50	10.25
Deltapine 14, Cert. Delinted	2.25	4.10	3.05	9.50	9.25
Deltapine 14, 1-yr. fm. Breeder	2.10	3.80	3.05	9.50	9.25
Coker 100-4, Wilt.	2.10	3.80	2.75	8.50	8.25
Coker 100, Strain 7	1.95	3.50	2.75	8.50	8.25
Coker-Wilds, Strain 12	1.95	3.50	2.75	8.50	8.25
Wood's Ingold	1.85	3.25	2.50	7.75	7.50

WOOD'S SELECTED ONION SETS

Choice Quality.	Per Qt.	Per Peck,	Per Bus.,
	1 lb.	8 lbs.	32 lbs.
YELLOW DANVER	\$.25	\$.90	\$2.75
YELLOW EBENEZER	.25	.90	2.75
SILVER SKIN	.25	1.00	3.00
WHITE MULTIPLIER	.35	1.75	6.75
RED WETHERSFIELD—(Sold Out)			
YELLOW POTATO—(Sold Out)			

For postpaid prices, add 30c. per peck, 75c. per bushel.

WOOD'S SPRING OATS

Treated with Ceresan.	Packed in 3-bus. bags	Bag Lots,
		per bus., 32 lbs.
COLUMBIA SPRING		\$1.40
WHITE SPRING		1.45
LEE COLD PROOF—Strain 5		1.50
FULGRAIN—(Sold Out)		
FULGRAIN—Strain 6—(Sold Out)		
BEARDED SPRING BARLEY		2.10

Soy Beans, Cow Peas, Etc.

2-bus. Bags.	Bag lots, per bu.,	60 lbs.
COW PEAS—Mixed—None		
Mixed Peas and Sojas		\$4.75
Brabham Peas		9.00
Mixed Iron Peas		8.50
Whippoorwill Peas		8.00
Black Peas—None		

SOY BEANS	10-bu. lots,	Per bu.,
	per bu.	60 lbs.
Mixed Soy Beans	\$3.10	\$3.15
Wood's Yellow (late)	3.25	3.30
Early Wood's Yellow	3.25	3.30
Early Wood's Yellow, Certified	3.45	3.50
Ex. Early Wood's Yellow	3.35	3.40
Tokio	3.30	3.35
Mammoth Yellow	3.25	3.30
Wilson Early Black	3.25	3.30
Virginia Brown	3.35	3.40
Laredo	4.90	5.00
Ogden	3.40	3.45
Volstate	3.40	3.45
Easy Cook (Edible)	3.45	3.50
Pocahontas—(Sold Out)		
Haberlandt—(Sold Out)		
Mixed Virginia Brown, Wilson Black and Yellow, Lot No. 688, approximately 90% Va. Brown, 10% Black and Yellow. Excellent for hay crop.	3.15	3.20

VELVET BEANS	Per
100-Day or Speckled	9.00
Osceola	9.00

EDIBLE PEAS

100-lb. bags.	Per	Per
	10 lbs.	100 lbs.
Ey. Ramshorn Blackeye	\$2.30	\$20.00
Ey. Wilt Resist. Ramshorn	2.30	20.00
Giant Wilt Resist. Rams-horn	2.40	21.00
Brown or Sugar Crowder	3.30	30.00
Rice or Lady	2.80	25.00
Extra Early Blackeye—None		
Purple Hull	3.00	27.00
Dixie Queen Browneye	3.00	27.00
White Blackeye Crowder	2.50	22.00
Red Speckled Crowder	2.50	22.00
Large Black Peas (Edible)	2.30	20.00
Blue Goose or Grey Crow-der	2.50	22.00
Wood's Sumptuous (Conch)	3.10	28.00
Virginia Blackeye, Medium—(Sold Out)		

WOOD'S GRAIN HAY MIXTURE

Sow at the rate of 100 pounds per acre. F.O.B. Richmond, 100-lb. lots, 7c. lb.; 25 to 99-lb. lots, 7½c. lb.; 5 to 24-lb. lots, 9c. lb. Postpaid: 25 lbs. \$2.55; 10 lbs., \$1.25; 5 lbs., 70c.

WOOD'S GRAIN PASTURE MIXTURE

Not postpaid: 100-lb. lots, 7c. per lb.; 25 to 99 lbs., 7½c. per lb.; 5 to 24 lbs., 9c. per lb. Postpaid: 25 lbs., \$2.55; 10 lbs., \$1.25; 5 lbs., 70c.

Wood's Maine Grown Seed Potatoes

GROWN ESPECIALLY FOR SEED PURPOSES

Plant Chippewa and Irish Cobbler for early crop; Katahdin, Sebago and Green Mountain for late crop.

Every farmer should plant ample potatoes as well as other vegetables, for his needs. With the President's program of feeding the world and should this country experience a drouth or adverse growing conditions this year, or even with an average crop produced, food will be in heavy demand at high prices. Remember, our population has increased seven to eight million since 1940 and more food must be produced.

The following are the largest yielding strains, recommended for planting in the Eastern States. They are the highest quality—grown from Certified Seed and produce large yields of better quality potatoes:

IRISH COBBLER POTATOES, Maine Grown

Probably the most popular potato with the larger growers, due to its very early maturity, making its crop in 90 to 100 days, whereas the later maturing potatoes require from 115 to 130 days. It is grown extensively in 18 out of 21 states, comprising the main crop region, which proves its wide adaptability. For an early crop of potatoes for the home garden there is none better than the Irish Cobbler.

KATAHDIN POTATOES—Maine Grown

This variety is fast becoming the most popular variety grown in the Southern states, as well as many localities in the Northeast. Yields the past season on Katahdin and Sebago were ahead of practically all other varieties in Maine, showing fully a 30% increase in yield over other leading strains. It promises to become the outstanding medium late potato for market or storage. In yield it has constantly surpassed other varieties, the tubers being exceptionally smooth skinned, large round uniform size, and have few very shallow eyes, making them most desirable from an eating standpoint. It is highly resistant to disease, having crisp white flesh, particularly free from internal discolorations, with fine cooking qualities. Its keeping qualities are surpassed by no other varieties, which makes it one of the best varieties for the home garden and truck gardeners. We highly recommend its use in preference to Green Mountain for either spring or late plantings.

CROTALARIA

THE KING OF SOIL BUILDING CROPS

Giant Striata Crotalaria

Rapidly becoming the most popular of the Crotalaria family. It is very outstanding for its mammoth growth and seed production. Makes a very rapid growth, offering more resistance to grass and weeds. Reports of yields of 15 to 20 tons of green weight per acre are not uncommon. When such amounts of organic matter are turned back into the soil, together with the nitrogen gathered by the plants, yields of corn and other crops show enormous increases. Giant Striata is one of the most outstanding leguminous plants known for sandy loam soils. Will thrive on soils that are so low in fertility that other crops fail to grow. Seedlings have been made on plantings of small grains in the early spring in the Carolinas with excellent results; or can be seeded during corn planting time. The seed of Giant Striata is smaller in size than the Spectabilis. Owing to enormous woody growth tractor equipment is necessary for turning under the crop. Inoculate with Wood's Inoculant, Group 5.

Late Crotalaria Spectabilis

The Crotalaria for soil improvement on all types of soils. Grows 7 feet tall, yields 15 tons or more of green manure, equal to 700 to 1,000 pounds of nitrate of soda per acre. Stalks are pithy, easily plowed under and decay readily. Is not eaten by livestock or attacked by insect pests, nematodes or other soil diseases. Crotalaria will definitely starve menatodes out of the soil.

Crotalaria Itermidia

The only palatable Crotalaria strain relished by animals. Furnishes two cuttings of hay. Long, thin leaves of fine quality. Two weeks earlier than Late Spectabilis.

Sow from corn planting time through June, 20 lbs. per acre broadcast, or 8 lbs. in 3-foot cultivated rows. Cover 1½ inches and roll. Inoculation not necessary but is advisable for larger growth.



SEBAGO POTATOES—Maine Grown

The Sebago was developed by the U. S. Department of Agriculture in cooperation with the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station. A late maturing variety, being about 10 days later than the Katahdin and 25 days later than Irish Cobbler. Has a wide adaptation in the late potato districts, producing heavy yields of potatoes of exceptionally high market quality. Has the same characteristics of the Katahdin, being smooth skinned, shallow eyes, and good cooking qualities. The Sebago and Katahdin highly recommended for spring planting in the Piedmont and Mountain section of the Eastern states. Also exceptionally fine varieties for summer planting during late June and early July.

GREEN MOUNTAIN—Maine Grown

Has been one of the most popular late varieties for many years, and still a favorite among many potato growers. Particularly adapted to cool and reasonably moist climate, and to the lighter type of soils. The tubers are oblong flattened, producing uniformly large smooth potatoes. Green Mountain is being replaced to a large extent in many sections by the newer varieties, chiefly Katahdin and Sebago.

SEED SWEET POTATOES

No other crop will give the grower a larger return by planting only the very best seed attainable. The premium asked for the best seed is a good investment in both the outturn of the crop and freedom from disease. Every year heavy losses occur from two diseases—Blue Stem (or Stem Rot), and Black Rot. Both or either of these diseases may cut the yield until there is no profit in the crop. Our Certified Nancy Hall are produced by the leading Sweet Potato growers in Virginia. Official inspection is made in the field for disease and varietal mixtures. Then field inspected and finally again inspected in the bin. They are the best Sweet Potato Seed available and are cheap crop insurance at a slight additional cost. Our Porto Rico are North Carolina grown, of the highest quality, disease free seed—produced by growers who have been supplying our seed for a number of years.

PLANT SOY BEANS AS A CASH CROP

The Government will support the 1946 crop of Soy Beans to be harvested this year at the same prices as 1945 crop. No doubt all beans will be exhausted before the new crop and they will be in heavy demand at prices probably higher than the support.

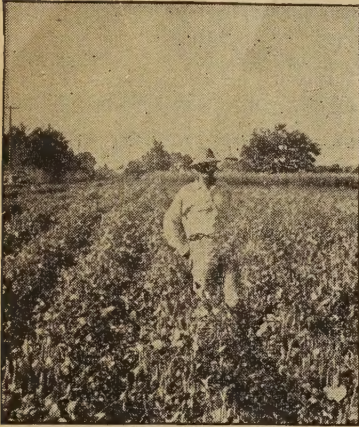
Cow Peas are in very short supply and commanding exceptionally high prices. This will also cause a heavy demand for Soy Beans to be used for hay or soil building. Available supplies of Soy Beans are short and many farmers are anticipating their needs and ordering early. We think this a wise decision, as no doubt many of the leading strains will be exhausted before planting season.

Where our customers anticipate following Soy Beans with small grain, we suggest Extra Early and Early Wood's Yellow, Virginia Brown and Wilson Black. Late Wood's Yellow, Tokio and Laredo can be used in the Coastal Sections, where later planting of grains can be made.

The Brabham and Mixed Iron Cow Peas offered are strictly Southern grown and will give decidedly larger growth, more hay and heavier crop to turn under than Western grown peas. We are not handling Western grown peas this year, as the quality is inferior and of low germination.

Wood's WILT-RESISTANT RAMSHORN BLACK-EYE PEAS

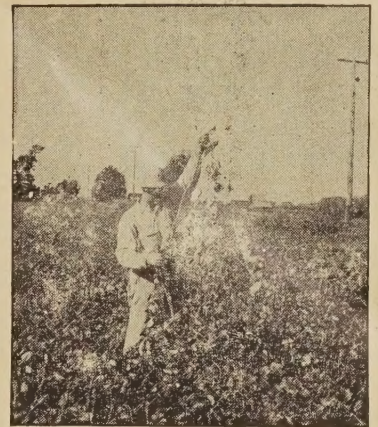
The Earliest and Longest Yielding Edible Peas



A Fine Crop of Early Wilt-Resistant Peas

WILT-RESISTANT RAMSHORN BLACK-EYE PEAS are large size, very uniform in shape, smooth skin, bright color and exceptionally fine flavored. Have long pods (7 to 8 inches and some occasionally 10 inches), with many more pods to the vine and considerably larger yields are obtained over ordinary blackeye peas. Resistant to wilt, nematodes, charcoal rot and other diseases that materially reduce the growth, yield and quality of other peas. Reports from all sections of the South for the past three years indicate that they will thrive and yield much better in wet or dry seasons than any other varieties. A leading southern experiment station reported: "Both Wood's Early and Giant Wilt-Resistant Ramshorns made an excellent vine growth and put on a good crop of peas." In the test the Early Wilt-Resistant peas' yield in green weight was 18,200 lbs.—Giant Wilt-Resistant 20,400 lbs., against Black Peas 16,900 lbs., and Early Ramshorn 15,200 lbs.

EDIBLE PEAS—They should be in every garden. Economical to plant, make a delicious dish when green, besides furnishing peas for winter when vegetables are scarce and high in price. Both dried and green peas are a profitable crop to market, and usually bring good prices. Plant after the ground gets thoroughly warm, 2 inches deep, 1 lb. to 200 feet. Do not plant after tobacco as too much nitrogen causes an excess vine growth which reduces the yield of peas.



Note Long Runners of Giant Wilt-Resistant Peas

EARLY WILT-RESISTANT RAMSHORN PEAS

The earliest of the wilt-resistant peas, maturing green peas in about 60 days, and dried peas in 70 to 75 days. Are erect growing bush pea, very compact, with least vine growth, making cultivation easy. Matures very early so that it can be either used for a quick crop when planted early, or can be planted late as a double crop. Yields in excess of 4,000 pounds per acre of dry seed have been reported. The most satisfactory pea to plant on very fertile soils, where the Giant strain will have a tendency to too much vine. In a test plot, grown on a wind-blown sandy hill, it yielded 23.7 one hundred pound sacks per acre.

EDIBLE PEAS ARE IN SHORT SUPPLY THIS YEAR

SWEET SUDAN GRASS

Produces a More Palatable Feed for Livestock

SWEET SUDAN is a greatly improved sudan grass from a hybridization of Leota Red Sorghum and common sudan. It has great palatability, livestock eating it to the ground before touching common sudan or other forage sorghums. **SWEET SUDAN** has broader leaves, larger stems and makes taller growth, stooling heavier than common sudan. It is a truly great improvement over common sudan and in our opinion will completely replace common sudan in a few years. Because of its sweetness, which livestock relish, they eat it faster and consume more of it in a given period of time than they do common sudan. This increases both milk and meat production. Sweet Sudan matures later, which makes the pasturing last longer than common. Do not pasture until at least 24 inches high, as the sugar does not start setting below that height.

Agricultural authorities in many sections of the country emphasize the superiority of Sweet Sudan Grass after comparative experimental production tests. New York State College showed in an eight-time replicated test that Sweet Sudan outyielded common sudan by a margin of 525 pounds per acre (oven dry basis). The University of Maryland reports: "Sweet Sudan made an excellent growth and was quite free of leaf disease." Clemson, S. C., Agricultural College reports: "Well adapted to this section. Succulent and juicy." Montana State College says: "Sweet Sudan yielded 2½ tons per acre compared with 1.87 tons of regular sudan." In general, it has the same adaptability to soils and climates as Sudan Grass, which has been so generally used throughout the country.

WHAT A FEW DAIRYMEN SAY:

"Cattle and sheep both prefer Sweet Sudan in preference to common. You just can't keep them away from it where an option is given them."

"My dairy cattle have invariably eaten Sweet Sudan into the dirt before touching alfalfa or any other grasses and clovers in the permanent pasture. There is an immediate increase in milk flow when cows are moved from alfalfa to Sweet Sudan. It recovers very quickly from pasturing."

LADINO CLOVER

The Wonder Pasture Clover

It is primarily a pasture plant, and as such produces a heavy tonnage of rich succulent feed relished by all kinds of livestock. Ladino Clover also furnishes hay of excellent quality, being very rich in protein, and is consumed readily by all kinds of livestock. When used for both pasture and hay, the spring growth is used for pasture, early summer growth for hay, and later growth for either hay, pasture or seed. When seeded for pasture Ladino fits in well with other grasses as companion plants. When seeded alone 5 to 6 pounds per acre is recommended.

GIANT WILT-RESISTANT RAMSHORN PEAS

About a week later than the early strain. As the name indicates, they are much larger than any other edible pea. A very heavy fruiter, prolific, and generally command quite a premium whether sold green or dried. It is a dual purpose pea, producing a tremendous yield of green and dried peas, yet makes more vine growth and better for green manure or hay than other cow peas. The Giant strain has runners 8 to 10 feet long and the pods are not carried as high above the plant as they are in the early type. Makes a strong plant and does well on weak soil where the early strain would not produce a heavy crop. Has the largest pods and seeds of all Blackeye Peas.

WOOD'S No. 23 SUDAN GRASS

A Decided Improvement Over Ordinary Sudan

Produces about 25% greater growth than regular sudan, finer quality hay. Excellent for grass silage. Developed by selecting a large number of superior plants from ordinary sudan grass. These were tested many years under extreme conditions of heat and drought on different types of soil. Strain 23 proved superior and produced one-fourth more hay or pasture than regular sudan. It has a stronger, more vigorous growth. It is more heat and drought resistant than most summer forage crops. It is an annual and cannot become a pest. Sow 20 lbs broadcast or 8 lbs. in cultivated rows. Our supply was grown from certified seed; strictly fancy quality and free from Johnson Grass.

For Grazing it is equal to blue grass as a milk producer. At one experiment station one acre per cow furnished abundant pasture for 125 days. The cows made a daily average of 3.8 lbs. more milk than they ever did on native grass.

A state experiment station says: "In our tests throughout the state Sudan No. 23 has given an average yield of forage 18 per cent higher than common sudan. It matures a little later but is a more robust plant with broader leaves.

Sow Sudan Grass after the ground becomes thoroughly warm, preferably broadcast, at the rate of 20 to 25 pounds per acre. A grain drill may be used, set to sow two pecks of wheat. Cut when in bloom, for at that stage the feeding value is highest.

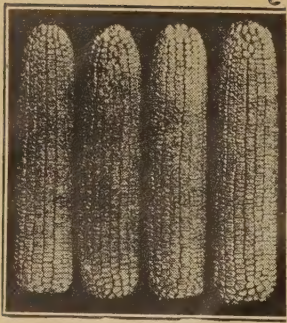
LESPEDEZA SERICEA—Perennial

Sow Scarified Seed During April and May

Adapted to any type of soil, wonderfully resistant to drought, large yielding hay crops, good pasture, and a fine soil improver.

Like alfalfa, it requires one year to get set, but after the first year it will produce two to four tons of field cured hay per acre annually. Actual feeding trials have proved that Lespedeza Sericea hay is equal to that of alfalfa. Sericea enjoys many advantages over the annual lespedezas; it will thrive on much poorer land, comes back year after year from the roots, furnishes two to three cuttings per season and yields much more abundantly. During the most severe drought years Sericea, due to its deep vigorous root system, maintained a beautiful rich green color, when other forage crops were burned up. Sericea is generally at its best during July and August, when other forage crops are considerably off.

Cut when 12 to 14 inches high to make tender hay. When saving the crop for seed, cut and rake the crop before 10:30 in the morning to prevent shattering of the seed, and then house the same afternoon.



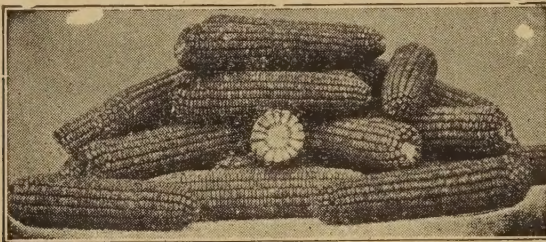
Hybrid White Dent V-120

WOOD'S HYBRID WHITE DENT V-120

115 Days. High yielding main crop corn in Va., Md., Del., W. Va. valleys, and Southern mountains, or early feed in deep south. Roasting ears 85 days. Large, sound ears. Deep grain. Excellent corn meal. Good shuck protection from weevil and worms. Resists drought, storms. N. C. Approved.

WOOD'S HYBRID EXTRA EARLY YELLOW V-25

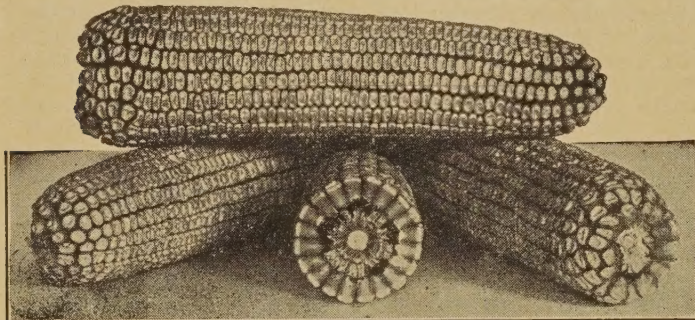
95 Days. Very high yielding mid-season corn for high altitudes and the North, or for extra early feed in the South. Roasting ears 65 days. Large, beautiful, sound ears. 16 to 18 rows of deep grain. Wide adaptation. Medium stalk, very strong and vigorous. Deep roots.



Beautiful sound ears of Hybrid Extra Early V-25

WOOD'S HYBRID YELLOW DENT V-35

110 Days. High yielding early hybrid for Southern mountains, valleys of Va. and W. Va., Md., Pa., Ky., Del., and N. J. Excellent early feed corn in the South. 2 long ears per stalk. 18 to 20 rows of deep grain. N. C. approved.

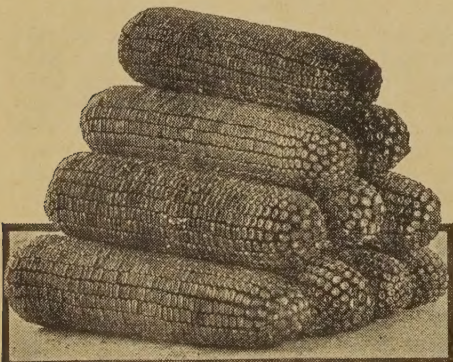


"Big ear and deep grain Wood's V-35 did extra well in this mountain section, yielding 70 bushels per acre. It has good roots and strong stalk."—A. V. Moody, Avery Co., N. C.

WOOD'S HYBRID YELLOW DENT V-40

115 Days. Excellent medium early hybrid, adapted to same general area as V-35, but slightly later and higher yielding. Large, solid, well filled ears. 18 to 20 rows of deep grain of high feeding value. Ears set uniform, making harvesting easy. Medium tall, very strong stalk. Extremely disease, drought and storm resistant. N. C. Approved.

"V-40 made 370 bushels on 4 acres, best I ever had in 24 years. Many stalks had 2 ears. It kept green in a bad drought in July when most corn turned yellow."—G. W. Thompson, Jr.



Big, beautiful ears of Wood's Hybrid V-40

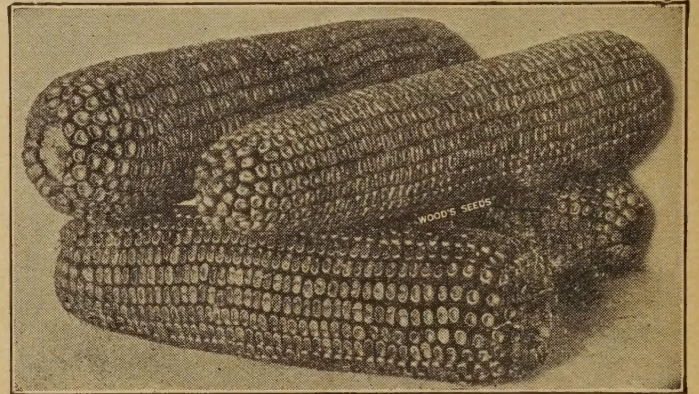
WOOD'S HYBRID CORNS

High Yield. Storm, Drought, Disease Resistant. Sound Ears.
No Barren Stalks. 25,000 Farmers Now Plant Wood's Hybrids.
Many Have Grown Them 5 to 14 Years.

PRICE OF HYBRIDS, INCLUDING 1-BUS. COTTON BAGS, SEMESAN, JR., TREATED
F.O.B.: Bus. \$8.50; 5-bus. lots, \$8.25 bus.; 1/2 bus., \$4.40; Peck, \$2.35
Postpaid: Bus. \$9.80; 1/2 bus. \$5.10; Peck \$2.75; 1/2 Peck \$1.60; Quart 60c.

WOOD'S HYBRID WHITE DENT V-125

115 Days. Similar to V-120 in appearance, adaptation and use, but outyielding it in Va. tests, and should soon replace it. Yielded 99 bus per acre in one test.



Large sound ears of Wood's Hybrid Yellow Dent V-45

WOOD'S HYBRID YELLOW DENT V-45

120 Days. Extremely high yielding hybrid for middle Atlantic States, mountain and Piedmont sections of the South. 2 long ears per stalk. High shelling per cent. Resists drought, storms, disease, heat, or cold, wet weather. Luxuriant plant growth. Has given such wonderful results it is difficult to keep up with the demand. Approved by N. C. State College for all sections of North Carolina.

"There is no corn like V-45. On bottom land it has 2 to 3 good ears per stalk. Some neighbors say they have seen corn grow for over 50 years but never any like this."—O. L. Pender, Spartanburg Co., S. C.

"V-45 withstood a heavy drought and yielded 187 bushels per acre. It averaged over 2 ears per stalk grown 3 stalks per hill. It has sturdy stalks with deep root system. For 7 years Wood's Hybrids have averaged 150 to over 200 bushels per acre."—J. D. Skidmore, Webster Co., W. Va.

WOOD'S HYBRID YELLOW DENT V-50

120 Days. Similar to V-45, but outyielded it in Va. tests, and should soon replace it. In one test it yielded over 100 bus. per acre. It has everything desired in a hybrid: exceptionally strong stalk and root, very large, sound ear, deep grain. We believe it will be the most popular hybrid in the Middle Atlantic in a few years.

WOOD'S HYBRID RED COB PROLIFIC S-315

130 Days. Replacing S-310. It is similar but yields better. It is one of the highest yielding Red Cob White Prolific Corns in the South, more drought and storm resistant, higher shelling percentage, very prolific, long tight shuck, sound flinty grain, weevil resistant. Supply limited.

DOUBLE YOUR HYBRID COEN YIELD

N. C. tests prove hybrid corn will yield 2 1/2 to 5 1/2 times more by proper cultivation and fertilization. One farmer made 19 bus. per acre by his regular practices and 107 bus. acre on part of the crop by following these rules:

1. Plant an adapted hybrid.
2. Use 250 lbs. 6-8-6 or 5-7-5 after heavily fertilized crops. 400 lbs. 6-8-6 or 5-7-5 after small grains of legumes for seed. 400 lbs. 4-8-8 after peanuts or legumes for hay.
3. Space close. 16 in. in 3 1/2-ft. rows, 14 in. in 4-ft. rows.
4. Cultivate early but not after corn is 2 1/2 ft. tall.
5. Top dress last cultivation with 500 lbs. nitrate soda.

CERTIFIED CORN BELT HYBRIDS

- Kentucky 203, white. 125 days. For Va., Md., Del., N. J., Tenn., Ky., N. C.
- U. S. 199, white. 125 days. Same adaptation as Ky. 203.
- U. S. 357, yellow. 125 days. Same adaptation as Ky. 203. Approved in N. C.
- U. S. 262, yellow. 125 days. Same adaptation as Ky. 203.
- U. S. 99, yellow. 125 days. Same adaptation as Ky. 203.
- Illinois 448 (Ky. 102), yellow. 125 days. Same adaptation as Ky. 203.
- Ill. 200 (Ky. 203), yellow. 120 days. For Va., Md., Del., N. J., Pa., W. Va., Ky.
- U. S. 13, yellow. 120 days. Same adaptation as Ill. 200. Approved in N. C.
- Iowa 939, yellow, 95 days. For W. Va., Pa., Ohio, Md., N. J., N. Y., New Eng.
- Cornell 29-3. 90 days. Silage for N. Y., New England, Pa.
- Cornell-34-53, yellow. 90 days. Grain for N. Y., New England, Pa.

Wood's Corn Varieties

Ears Hand Selected, Tipped and Butted
Germination Over 90%

Postpaid: Quart 55c.; 1/2 Peck, 95c.

Postage on Corn, add 40c. pk.; 70c. 1/2 bus.; \$1.30 bus.

WHITE FIELD CORN	F.O.B. RICHMOND	5-Bus. Lots
	Peck 1/2 Bus. Bus.	
Improved White Dent	\$1.15 \$2.05 \$3.75	\$3.65
Mosby's Prolific	1.15 2.05 3.75	3.65
Tennessee Red Cob	1.15 2.05 3.75	3.65
Southern Snowflake	1.15 2.05 3.75	3.65
Early Snowflake	1.15 2.05 3.75	3.65
Iowa Silver King, Extra Early	1.20 2.15 4.00	3.90
Mexican June	1.15 2.05 3.75	3.65
Wood's Dixie	1.15 2.05 3.75	3.65
Neal's Paymaster	1.15 2.05 3.75	3.65
Douthit's Prolific	1.20 2.15 4.00	3.90
Whatley's Prolific	1.20 2.15 4.00	3.90
Latham's Double	1.15 2.05 3.75	3.65
Hickory King	1.20 2.15 4.00	3.90
Oklahoma Silvermine, from Cert.	1.15 2.05 3.75	3.65
Boone County, from Certified Seed	1.15 2.05 3.75	3.65

YELLOW FIELD CORN

Virginia Yellow Dent	1.15 2.05 3.75	3.65
Improved Golden Dent, from Cert.	1.15 2.05 3.75	3.65
Strawberry—Copper Colored	1.15 2.05 3.75	3.65
Reid's Early Yellow Dent	1.15 2.05 3.75	3.65
Wood's Golden Prolific	1.15 2.05 3.75	3.65
Jarvis Golden Prolific, from Cert.	1.15 2.05 3.75	3.65
Improved Leaming—Extra Early	1.15 2.05 3.75	3.65
Clarage Early Yellow Dent	1.15 2.05 3.75	3.65
Lancaster Sure Crop	1.15 2.05 3.75	3.65
Longfellow Yellow Flint	1.20 2.15 4.00	3.90
Wood's 90-Day Golden Flint	1.20 2.15 4.00	3.90
Eight Row Yellow Flint	1.20 2.15 4.00	3.90

ENSILAGE CORN

Wood's Old Va. Ensilage, White	1.05 1.85 3.35	3.25
Leaming Ensilage Yellow	1.05 1.85 3.35	3.25
Big Golden Ensilage	1.05 1.85 3.35	3.25
Wood's Mammoth Ensilage, White	1.20 1.15 4.00	3.90
Early Eureka Ensilage	1.15 2.05 3.75	3.65
Eureka Ensilage	1.20 2.20 4.10	4.00
Wood's Pamunkey Ensilage	1.25 2.30 4.25	4.15
Blue Ridge Ensilage	1.15 2.10 3.85	3.75
Westbranch Sweepstakes Ensilage	1.15 2.05 3.75	3.65
Yellow Sweepstakes Ensilage	1.20 2.15 4.00	3.90

Varieties marked "from Certified" passed field inspection and are eligible for Certification. Due to delay in final bin inspection, Certified tags are not available now.

Wood's Pamunkey Ensilage

Silage 115 Days. For many years our leading ensilage variety because of its broad, thick foliage, abundance of nutritious ears usually a foot long, and tremendous stalks which stand up when shorter corns blow down, making it easy to handle and put in the silo. Grows 13 to 16 feet tall with sturdy stalks and strong roots. Silage is palatable and of high feeding value. Averaged 23 tons per acre for 6 years in 9 state tests. "For 3 years it yielded more than any other corn; 8 acres fills a large silo 16 feet tall; stalks big round as an ear of corn. Two large ears per stalk. Broad, sound grains."—M. B. Smith, Spartansburg Co., S. C.

Wood's Oklahoma Silvermine

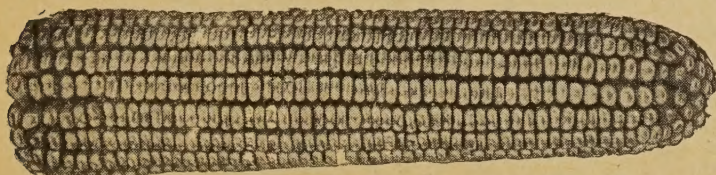
123 Days. Roasting ear 89 days. One of the largest eared, soundest and heaviest yielding white varieties adapted throughout the South from Virginia to Florida. It thrives under extreme heat, drought and other adverse Southern conditions. Excellent for early feed, milling and roasting ears in the deep South. Grown from Certified seed. Passed field inspection for certification.

Wood's Golden Prolific

120 Days. 9 feet tall. A yellow corn that yields as well as the best white variety under the most adverse southern conditions. The most prolific yellow variety, big beautiful ears have 14 to 16 rows of large, long, flinty grain; deep golden color; small cob. Ears protected from worms and weevil by long, thick shucks. Adapted to any type soil.

Wood's Dixie

124 Days. Delicious roasting ears in 88 days. 9 feet tall. Shorter, stronger stalks than most prolific corns; 16 rows of broad, deep flinty, white grain, on a small white cob; ears are protected by a long shuck extending nearly 2 inches beyond the tip; 64 lbs. of ears shell out 56 lbs. of grain; resistant to smut and root rot. Can be planted later than other prolific corns, avoiding wire-worm damage. One of the heaviest yielding corn varieties. It has a long record of high yields at state experiment stations throughout the South.



Wood's Dixie makes 2 large, sound ears on each stalk.

Wood's Cotton Seeds

Ceresan Treated for Better Stands and More Vigorous Plants. Protects against disease and cold weather. Tests show 25% to 50% more plants when seed is treated.

WARNING ABOUT COTTON SEED. Letters from all over the South state that continued rains last fall severely damaged Seed Cotton and there is an acute shortage of good germinating seed. Most cotton seed is germinating only 25% to 60%, and is unsuitable for planting. Our small supply was picked before these rains, and germinates 80 to 90%.

Coker-Wilds Cotton—Strain 12

Recognized as one of the best upland staple cottons for the southern states. Has many good qualities, such as earliness, drought resistance, large bolls, high production and early fruitage. Semi-dwarf, open 1 to 3 vegetative branches and well spaced fruiting branches, assuring a better and more uniform opening. 34% lint, 1 1/8 to 1 1/2 in. staple.

Coker 100—Strain 7

Very early high yielding cotton for non-wilt infested soils. 1-1/16 to 1 1/8-inch staple of uniform, strong, excellent character, 38% to 40% lint. Round ovate bolls, slightly pointed, 70 to 72 to the lb.; open wide, fluff beautifully, yet storm and weather resistant. Open plant, 1 to 3 vegetative branches, well spaced long fruiting branches. Thin foliage.

Coker 100 Wilt Resistant—Strain 4

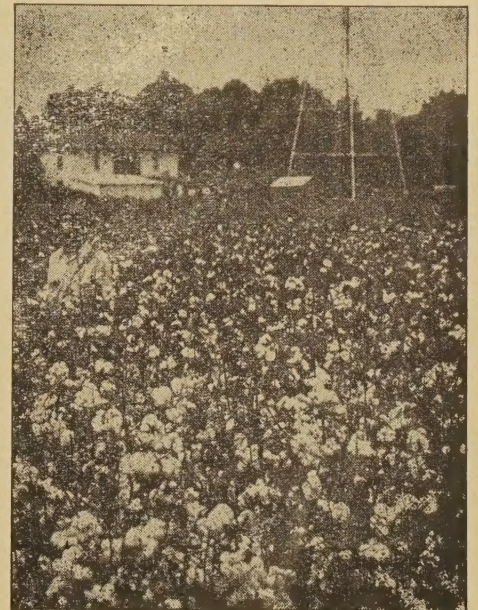
One of the most dependable wilt varieties, combining earliness, yield, thin foliage and open type. Has an outstanding record in yield and wilt resistance, ranking highest in average yield on badly infested soils in many southern states and tests. Well adapted to wilt and non-wilt soils. The seed we offer yielded 600 lbs. lint per acre. 1-1/32 to 1-1/16 in. staple. 38% lint.

Certified Delta Pine 14 Cotton

Distinguished by its productiveness, high gin turnout, excellent staple and ability to produce a crop under adverse soil and weather conditions. It made over 1,000 lbs. of good staple lint cotton per acre on thousands of acres. Its seed is in greater demand than any other variety. Is not wilt resistant. Plant 20 to 25 lbs. per acre of certified delinted seed.

Prices Cotton Seed, Treated

Plant 30 to 40 lbs. acre.	Delinted, 20 to 25 lbs. acre	
	Postpaid	F.O.B. Richmond
100-lb. bags. Bus. = 30 lbs.		500
Improved Ceresan Treated.	1/2 bus. Bus.	Bus. 100 Lbs. Lbs.
Deltapine 14, Cert. Delinted	\$2.25 \$4.10	\$3.35 \$10.50 \$10.25
Deltapine 14, 1-yr. fm. Breeder	2.10 3.80	3.05 9.50 9.25
Coker 100-4 Wilt. 1-yr. fm. Bdr.	2.10 3.80	3.05 9.50 9.25
Coker 100, Strain 7	1.95 3.50	2.75 8.50 8.25
Coker-Wilds, Strain 12	1.95 3.50	2.75 8.50 8.25
Wood's Ingold	1.85 3.25	2.50 7.75 7.50



Heavy yield of Coker-Wilds, Strain 12

Mexican June

110 Days. Roasting ears 80 days A splendid corn for late planting as it thrives in tropical heat and withstands droughts and hurricanes. Mixed white and blue grains. Strong, deep root; stocky stalks, tight, thick shuck protects ears. Large ears, 16 close fitting rows of big, flinty grain. Medium cob, weevil-resistant, 60% of stalks have two ears.



Note uniformity and heavy growth of Wood's Wheatland Milo. Produced under certification requirements.

WOOD'S COMBINE MILO

A High Grain Yielder With Minimum Use of Labor

Has proven exceptionally well adapted for harvesting with a combine harvester. Grows to an average height of 31 inches, but has a range of from 24 to 39 inches, depending upon seasonal conditions. The stalks are short and sturdy, giving it strength to resist lodging to a greater degree than any other known variety of commercial importance. Heads vary in length from 6 to 9 inches, depending upon the season, and heads are of uniform height. The kernels resemble yellow Milo in size and color, threshes readily without cracking.

In a normal season will mature in about 100 days, but if moisture and warm weather prevail during late fall, it will continue growing, requiring up to 125 days to mature. It is essentially a grain producer, ranging in yield from 25 to sometimes over 60 bushels per acre.

In the Southeastern states Wood's Combine Milo has increased enormously in popularity, owing to its heavy yields per acre and a crop that is so much easier handled than corn and other crops. Our customers throughout Virginia and the Carolinas are high in their praise of Wood's Combine Milo, claiming in many cases that it will outyield corn with far less labor to cultivate and harvest the crop. Yields of 45 to 60 bushels per acre are very common throughout these sections and we believe that it is destined to be one of our leading grain crops. We first introduced this Milo to our trade four years ago, and the seed we are offering this season is the same strain of exceptional quality, testing practically 100% pure and over 90% germination, besides passing the rigid field inspection of certified seed.

One of our customers states: "It is an excellent feed for birds and can be easily combined. The seed will stay in the head all winter and furnishes fine bird feed, particularly when heavy snows prevail. Well adapted to light or poor soil. On thin land will double or triple the yield of corn. One of the best varieties for pasturing hogs."

Plant in rows 36 to 42 inches, using from 5 to 8 lbs. per acre. If planted in drill rows 18 to 20 inches apart, use 15 to 20 lbs. an acre. Do not plant closer than 18 inches by any method for grain production. Planting in rows and cultivated will give maximum yields.

Of Vital Interest to Every Farmer

The following are a few digests of the high lights in the news:

SENATOR BANKHEAD forecasts a drive to raise the price of farm commodities as a result of new industrial wages and prices.

SOYBEANS will disappear from the market before the new crop in October if present record use continues.

THE GOVERNMENT will support the price of 1946 crop Soy Beans at the same prices as 1945. This will cause a heavy demand for seed and supplies are limited.

STOCKS OF CORN are at a five-year low.

GOVERNMENT EXPERTS show grain fed in first half of this season was 175% over 5-year average.

IT IS REPORTED from Washington that drastic steps may be taken to face a sharp cut in poultry flocks, with possibility of an issue forbidding use of wheat in feed.

FERTILIZE YOUR CROPS LIBERALLY—It is the quickest way to increase crop yields. Crop prices are up approximately 100% and fertilizer prices up less than 25%, which makes its use a good investment. Anticipate your needs early.

HOLD SUFFICIENT CORN for your needs until next harvest, or buy sufficient stocks to carry you. Government freezing of supplies are likely before the new crop harvest.

1946 LOOKS LIKE another good year for farmers. We have had to practically feed the world and supplies on hand will probably be the lowest for many years at next harvest.

EATING ONIONS are scarce. Seed Planting Onion Sets are low in price. Include them in every garden.

MAKE PLANS to utilize every acre available for grain and food production. Labor should ease up considerably before another harvest.

SEEDS OF MANY ITEMS are scarce. A good year to anticipate your needs early. The best quality is none too good. Often a dollar spent on better seeds will give an extra profit of \$20.00 to \$25.00 per acre.

CERTIFIED HEGARI

Hegari is one of the most valuable of all grain sorghums, and very similar in growth and appearance of grain to Kaffir Corn, but makes a larger growth, stools better, makes more heads per acre, and consequently heavier yields of grain are obtained. It is a semi-sweet stalk (about 11% sugar), whereas Kaffir is a dry stalk, and it will make more bundled feed and grain combined than any other sorghum. The fact that the stalk is readily eaten by animals either in the process of pasturing off in the fields following removal of heads, or in the form of harvester forage, makes it a favorite with farmers and livestock men. An average acre of Hegari may be expected to yield, under ordinary growing conditions, 12 tons of silage or 1,800 pounds of threshed grain per acre. Some yields have run as high as 4,000 pounds on irrigated land, and of course a larger growth of silage. It is generally considered that Hegari silage is about 15% more valuable than corn silage.

Drill 5 pounds per acre in rows about 12 inches apart, and cultivate. Matures in 110 to 120 days, and should be planted the same as corn.

Kaffir Corn and ordinary **Milo Maize** we are not offering for seed purposes this year, due to the fact that we consider Hegari much better substitute for Kaffir Corn as a grain and forage crop. Combine Milo as a grain producer is far ahead of the ordinary tall growing milo and more easily harvested. The grain of both Hegari and Combine Milo makes fine feed for stock, hogs, poultry and pigeons, and can be fed either whole or ground.

EARLY ORANGE CANE

Makes a tall and more leafy growth than other forage sorghums. It is recommended for fodder, of which it yields immense crops, frequently two cuttings a season, and stooling out thicker after cutting. Orange Cane is particularly recommended for early plantings in Virginia and general plantings in the Southern States. Will make a larger growth and more saccharine content than Amber Cane. It may be grown with soybeans and cowpeas.

SUGAR DRIP SORGHUM

Since we introduced this variety many years ago there has been no new sorghum that has been brought out that can compare with it in yield of syrup. It makes a large, juicy, succulent growth. It will yield about 65% of the weight of the cane in juice when extracted by a good farm mill, and stronger mills should extract as much as 75%. Plant 6 to 8 pounds per acre in rows and cultivate.

WOOD'S LAWN GRASSES

MADE WITH ONLY THE FINEST QUALITY TURF-PRODUCING GRASSES



TO MAKE A LAWN

Sow as early in the spring as possible. Dig or plow the ground deeply, pulverizing the clods. Work fertilizer into the soil and rake till smooth. Broadcast the seed thickly, half one way and half the other, cover lightly and roll or pack the soil to provide a firm seed-bed. Cut when two inches high, and cut regularly. Water generously twice a week; oftener in dry weather. Pull out weeds and coarse grasses with a lawn weeder and sow seeds where the weeds were. For lasting results, give the lawn a good application of fertilizer in the fall and spring. Ask for our Lawn Grass Circular.

HOW TO CUT YOUR LAWN

Cutting a lawn is best done with a power lawn mower. Models are available for all sizes of lawns. We are distributors for the famous "MOTO-MOWERS." Prices range from \$110.00 up. Write for information and prices.

RENEWING AN OLD LAWN

By actual experience we have found that when grass seed is sown on top of a lawn without preparation a large percentage of the seed is wasted. In our opinion, the best method is to cut the lawn with a lawn mower, setting the blades as close to the ground as possible, and then thoroughly raking the lawn with a heavy rake, taking out all of the dead grass and clippings which are on the lawn. This method will give the grass already in the lawn a good cultivation, after which seeding should be made. Then cut the lawn again, which will give the lawn a good smooth appearance and pack the grass seed into the soil. The use of a roller, if available, is desirable. Then water freely. Apply good fertilizer generously (see below).

Sow 1 pound of seed to 300 square feet, or thicker on damp spots.

WHAT GRASS TO SOW

In Virginia and farther north, in westerly sections of the Carolinas and farther west, sow Wood's Super-Green, Wood's Evergreen and Shady Park Lawn Grasses. In other parts of South sow Wood's Dixie Lawn Grass. Under trees and shaded places sow Wood's Shady Park Lawn Grass.

Wood's Evergreen Lawn Grass

1 lb. sows 200 square feet; 90 to 100 lbs. sows an acre

No one grass is suitable for making a lawn, so we have put into our Evergreen a well-balanced mixture of grasses that are at their best at all seasons, and will make a rich, deep green velvety lawn in as short a time as possible. It contains no coarse grasses.

By mail postpaid, 1 lb. 65c.; 5 lbs. \$2.65; 10 lbs. \$5.15; 25 lbs. \$12.15. Not postpaid, 1 lb. 50c.; 5 to 24 lbs. 48c. lb.; 25 to 99 lbs. 46c. lb.; 100 lbs. 45c. lb.

PEAT MOSS

Domestic. The highest grade; free from sand and dirt. Fine for mulching hotbeds, roses, perennial flower beds and evergreens and for lawns. By mail postpaid, 10 lbs. \$1.05. Not postpaid, 10 lbs. 70c.; 50 lbs. \$2.25; bale (about 20 bushels), \$4 00.

VIGORO The ideal plant food for lawns and gardens. By mail postpaid, 5 lbs. 80c.; 10 lbs. \$1.20; 25 lbs. \$2.10. Not postpaid, 5 lbs. 45c.; 10 lbs. 85c.; 25 lbs. \$1.50; 50 lbs. \$2.50; 100 lbs. \$4.00.

Wood's "Super-Green" Lawn Grass

1 lb. sows 200 square feet; 90 to 100 lbs. sows an acre

A combination of the finest turf grasses available. Contains only Certified Bent Grass, Chewing's Fescues, Kentucky Blue Grass, and Red Top. No clover. All seeds are our Super Grades and of the highest possible quality, and will produce a thick, even, velvety turf, even in shady locations. Recommended for lawns in Virginia, Piedmont and mountain sections of the Carolinas and Georgia, and all states north of Virginia. Should be used where particular care can be given.

By mail postpaid, 1 lb. 75c.; 5 lbs. \$3.25; 10 lbs. \$6.35; 25 lbs. \$15.15. Not postpaid, 1 lb. 60c.; 5 to 24 lbs. 56c. lb.; 25 to 99 lbs. 54c. lb.; 100 lbs. 53c. lb.

Wood's Dixie Lawn Grass

1 lb. sows 200 square feet; 90 to 100 lbs. sows an acre

In selecting grasses for this mixture we have taken only those that will give a velvety green lawn under the most trying conditions of summer heat and drought when lawns often become brown and parched. It makes a quick and lasting growth. It is recommended especially for the easterly sections of the Carolinas and for states farther south. Not recommended for Virginia.

By mail postpaid, 1 lb. 60c.; 5 lbs. \$2.25; 10 lbs. \$4.35; 25 lbs. \$10.15. Not postpaid, 1 lb. 45c.; 5 to 24 lbs. 40c. lb.; 25 to 99 lbs. 38c. lb.; 100 lbs. 37c. lb.

Wood's Emerald Park Lawn Grass

1 lb. sows 150 square feet; 125 lbs. sows an acre

A blended mixture of fine, quick-growing grasses that are adapted to the Middle and South Atlantic States. It contains none of the coarse grasses, nor those that grow in tufts. It is a good, all-around, general purpose lawn mixture for large areas, parks, athletic fields, etc.

By mail postpaid, 1 lb. 55c.; 5 lbs. \$2.00; 10 lbs. \$3.85; 25 lbs. \$8.90; 50 lbs. \$15.15. Not postpaid, 1 lb. 40c.; 5 to 24 lbs. 35c. lb.; 25 to 99 lbs. 33c. lb.; 100 lbs. 32c. lb.

Shady Park Lawn Grass

Few grasses thrive in shade. Our mixture is composed of dwarf grasses especially adapted to shady places under trees and around the house.

By mail postpaid, 1 lb. 75c.; 5 lbs. \$3.05; 10 lbs. \$5.95; 25 lbs. \$14.15. Not postpaid, 1 lb. 60c.; 5 to 24 lbs. 56c. lb.; 25 to 99 lbs. 54c. lb.; 100 lbs. 53c. lb.

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER

By mail postpaid, 1 lb. \$1.25; 5 lbs. \$6.00; 10 lbs. \$11.85; 25 lbs. \$28.65. Not postpaid, 1 lb. \$1.10; 5 to 24 lbs. \$1.15 per lb.; 25 to 99 lbs. \$1.12 lb.; 100 lbs. \$1.10 lb.

FERTILIZERS FOR LAWNS

Wood's High-Grade Sheep and Cow Manure

The supreme natural fertilizers finely pulverized. Unequaled for lawns, gardens and shrubbery. Fine for mulching or as a liquid manure. Use 10 lbs. to 100 square feet for mixing in soil and half that quantity for top dressing. 25 lbs. 85c.; 50 lbs. \$1.50; 100 lbs. \$2.65; ton \$48.00. When ordering specify which wanted. Late April or May delivery.

PULVERIZED LIMESTONE—100 lbs. 65c.; ton, \$10.00.

HYDRATED LIME—10 lbs. 20c.; 50 lbs. 60c.

WOOD'S *High Grade* GARDEN SEEDS

On page 69 of our 1946 Catalog, you will find a Planters' Time Table, which tells when to plant, how much to plant, distance apart in the rows, distance between the rows, etc. If you do not have a copy, write for it—mailed free.

GREEN PODDED BEANS

	Postpaid				
	Pkt.	½ lb.	Lb.	2 lbs.	5 lbs.
Tendergreen Stringless Green Pod...	.10	.25	.40	.65	\$1.40
Full Measure Stringless Green Pod...	.10	.25	.40	.70	1.45
Giant Stringless Green Pod	.10	.25	.40	.65	1.35
Bountiful or Early Six Weeks	.10	.25	.40	.65	1.35
Stringless Red Valentine	.10	.25	.40	.70	1.45
Plentiful Stringless Green Pod	.10	.25	.40	.65	1.35
Burpee's Stringless Green Pod	.10	.25	.40	.65	1.30
Stringless Black Valentine	.10	.25	.40	.65	1.35
Tennessee Green Pod	.10	.25	.40	.65	1.40
Dwarf Horticultural	.10	.25	.40	.70	1.45

BUSH LIMA BEANS

Henderson's Bush Lima	.10	.25	.40	.65	1.30
Jackson Wonder or Calico Bush Lima	.10	.25	.40	.65	1.30

WAX PODDED BEANS

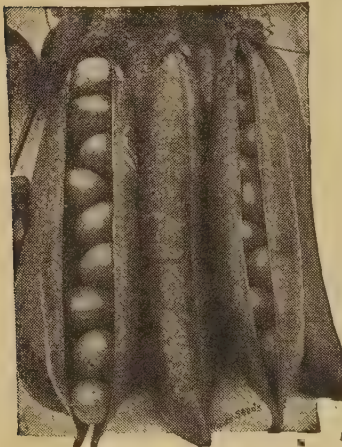
	Postpaid				
	Pkt.	½ lb.	Lb.	2 lbs.	5 lbs.
Bountiful Wax	.10	.25	.40	.65	\$1.40
Surecrop Stringless Wax	.10	.25	.40	.65	1.40

POLE or CORNFIELD BEANS

Virginia Wonder	.10	.25	.40	.70	1.55
Lazy Wife	.10	.25	.40	.65	1.40
Kentucky Wonder or Old Homestead	.10	.25	.40	.65	1.40
Fat Horse or White Creaseback	.10	.25	.40	.70	1.50
Nancy Davis Striped Creaseback	.10	.25	.40	.65	1.40
McCaslan	.10	.25	.40	.65	1.40
Missouri Wonder or Noxall	.10	.25	.40	.70	1.50
Cut Short or Cornfield	.10	.25	.40	.70	1.50

POLE LIMA BEANS

Small Pole Lima or Butter Beans	.10	.25	.40	.65	1.30
Florida Speckled Butter Bean	.10	.25	.40	.65	1.30



Thomas Laxton Peas

GARDEN CORN

Roasting ears taste delicious when gathered from the garden just before cooking. One pound will plant 100 hills; 10 to 13 pounds plants an acre.

	Postpaid				Not Postpaid			
	Pkt.	½ lb.	Lb.	5 lbs.	Lb.	2 lbs.	5 lbs.	10 lbs.
Bland's Extra Early	.10	.20	.35	\$1.15	.25	.40	.90	\$1.70
Trucker's Favorite	.10	.20	.30	1.00	.20	.35	.75	1.40
Norfolk Market	.10	.20	.30	1.00	.20	.35	.75	1.40
Golden Evergreen	.10	.25	.40	1.40	.35	.50	1.15	2.20
Golden Bantam	.10	.25	.40	1.40	.30	.50	1.15	2.20
Country Gentleman	.10	.25	.40	1.50	.35	.55	1.25	2.40
Stowell's Evergreen	.10	.25	.40	1.50	.35	.55	1.25	2.40

GARDEN PEAS

	Postpaid				Not Postpaid			
	Pkt.	½ lb.	Lb.	5 lbs.	Lb.	2 lbs.	5 lbs.	10 lbs.
Wilt-Resistant Extra Early Alaska	.10	.20	.35	1.05	.25	.40	.80	\$1.50
Laxton's Progress	.10	.20	.35	1.25	.25	.45	1.00	1.90
White Marrowfat	.10	.20	.35	1.15	.25	.40	.90	1.70
Thomas Laxton	.10	.20	.40	1.30	.30	.50	1.05	2.00
Early Bird or Laxton's Superb	.10	.20	.35	1.20	.25	.45	.95	1.80
Bliss Everbearing	.10	.20	.35	1.25	.25	.45	1.00	1.90
Wood's Dark Green Telephone	.10	.20	.35	1.25	.25	.45	1.00	1.90

BROCCOLI

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
Calabrese Green Sprouting Italian, 90 days	.10	.25	.70	\$2.50
Italian Salad, 100 days	.10	.15	.30	1.00

BRUSSELS SPROUS

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
Long Island Improved, 100 days	.10	.40	1.25	4.50

CABBAGE One ounce will plant 100-foot row and will produce about 2,000 plants; 6 to 8 ounces will make enough plants for 1 acre.

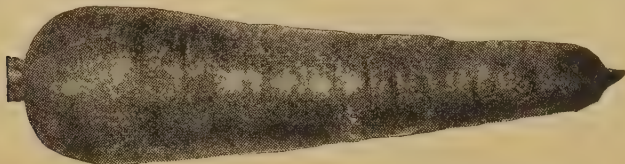
	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
Copenhagen Market, 70 days	.10	.25	.70	2.50
Wood's Sel. Ely. Jersey Wakefield, 65 days	.10	.25	.70	2.50
Wood's Charleston Wakefield, 75 days	.10	.25	.70	2.50
Early Flat Dutch, 85 days	.10	.25	.70	2.50
Ferry's Early Round Dutch	.10	.25	.75	2.75
Perfection Drumhead Savoy, 90 days	.10	.30	.85	3.00
Chinese Petsai or Celery Cabbage, 80 days	.10	.25	.60	2.00

YELLOWS RESISTANT CABBAGES

Marion Market, 75 days	.10	.30	.95	3.50
Wisconsin All Seasons	.10	.30	1.00	3.75

CARROTS One ounce will plant 100 feet of drill; 3 to 4 pounds to the acre.

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
Red Cored Chantenay, 70 days	.10	.15	.45	1.60
Danvers Half Long, 75 days	.10	.15	.45	1.60
Wood's Scarlet Intermediate, 75 days	.10	.20	.60	1.75
Imperator, 75 days	.10	.15	.45	1.60
Large White Belgium	.10	.15	.45	1.60



CELERY

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
Giant Pascal, 135 days	.10	.60	2.00	7.50
Golden Self-Blanching, 115 days	.10	.70	2.50	9.00

CELERIAC—

Turnip Rooted Celery, 120 days	.10	.50	1.60	6.00
--------------------------------	-----	-----	------	------

CAULIFLOWER

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	½ oz.	½ oz.	oz.
Wood's Earliest Snowball, 90 days	.20	1.00	1.75	3.25

COLLARDS

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
North Carolina Short Stem, 80 days	.10	.15	.35	1.00
White or Cabbage, 80 days	.10	.15	.30	.90
Georgia or Southern, 80 days	.10	.15	.30	.90

CUCUMBER One ounce will plant 50 hills; two pounds one acre.

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
Improved Long Green, 70 days	.10	.20	.60	2.00
Green Prolific, 55 days	.10	.15	.50	1.75
Early Green Cluster, 55 days	.10	.15	.50	1.75
National Pickling	.10	.15	.50	1.75
Gherkin or Burr, 60 days	.10	.15	.50	1.75



CANTALOUPE or MUSKMELON

One ounce plants 50 hills; 2 pounds plants an acre.

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
Extra Early Hanover, 70 days	.10	.20	.65	2.25
Hale's Best No. 36, or H. B., 80 days	.10	.20	.60	2.00
Wood's Early Rocky Ford, 75 days	.10	.20	.65	2.25
Honey Dew, 110 days	.10	.20	.60	2.00
Large Hackensack, 85 days	.10	.20	.60	2.00
Gold Lined Rocky Ford, 85 days	.10	.20	.60	2.00

WATERMELON

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
One ounce plants 30 hills; 2 pounds an acre.				
Hawkesbury Wilt-Resistant, 90 days....	.10	.15	.50	1.75
Leesburg or Wilt-Resistant Kleckley's Sweet, 90 days .....	.10	.15	.45	1.50
Stone Mountain, 90 days .....	.10	.15	.45	1.60
Kleckley's Sweet, 85 days .....	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Halbert Honey, 85 days .....	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Florida Favorite .....	.10	.15	.50	1.75
Tom Watson, 90 days .....	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Preserving Citron, 95 days .....	.10	.15	.40	1.25

EGG PLANT

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
One ounce produces about 1,000 plants.				
Florida High Bush, 125 days .....	.10	.45	1.60	6.00
Black Beauty, 120 days .....	.10	.45	1.60	6.00

ENDIVE

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
Green Curled, 90 days .....	.10	.15	.50	1.50
Broad Leaved Batavian, 95 days .....	.10	.15	.50	1.50

KALE

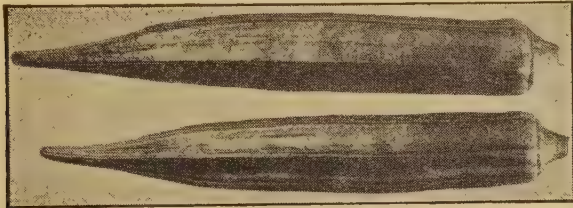
	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
One ounce plants 100 feet of drill; 8 pounds to the acre broadcast, 4 to 5 pounds in drills				
Early Curled Siberian, 65 days .....	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Spring Kale or Spring Sprouts, 30 days..	.10	...	.15	.45

LETTUCE

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
One ounce produces about 1,500 plants; 2 lbs. an acre.				
Wood's Cabbage, 65 days .....	.10	.20	.65	2.25
Wood's Improved Big Boston, 75 days...	.10	.15	.50	1.75
Iceberg, 80 days .....	.10	.25	.75	2.50
Cos or Romaine, 65 days .....	.10	.15	.60	1.75
Early Curled Simpson, 50 days .....	.10	.15	.50	1.75
Grand Rapids, 45 days .....	.10	.15	.50	1.75
Black Seeded Simpson, 50 days .....	.10	.15	.50	1.75
Chicken Lettuce, 55 days .....	.10	.15	.60	1.75

MUSTARD

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
One ounce will plant 100 feet of row, 5 to 6 pounds per acre.				
Southern Giant Curled, 35 days .....	.10	.15	.25	.75
Chinese Broad Leaved, 40 days .....	.10	.15	.25	.75
Florida Broad Leaved, 40 days .....	.10	.15	.25	.75
Tendergreen c Mustard Spinach, 25 days	.10	.15	.25	.75



OKRA or GUMBO

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
White Velvet, 60 days .....	.10	.15	.35	1.00
Dwarf Long Green, 60 days .....	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Perkin's Mammoth Long Green, 60 days	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Clemson Spineless, 60 days .....	.10	.15	.45	1.50

ONION

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
Prize Taker or Spanish King, 100 days..	.10	.40	1.35	5.00
Valencia Sweet Spanish .....	.10	.40	1.35	6.00
Yellow Globe Danvers, 110 days .....	.10	.35	1.15	4.00
Silver Skin or White Portugal, 100 days	.10	.40	1.35	5.00
Ebenezer, 100 days .....	.10	.35	1.15	4.00

PARSLEY

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
One ounce will plant 100 feet.				
Champion Moss Curled, 70 days .....	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Plain or Single, 70 days .....	.10	.15	.45	1.50
Hamburg Parsnip Rooted, 90 days .....	.10	.15	.40	1.40

PARSNIP

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
Sugar or Hollow Crown, 100 days.....	.10	.15	.40	1.25



California Wonder Pepper

PEPPER

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
One ounce will produce about 1,200 plants				
Ruby King, 110 days .....	.10	.45	1.40	5.00
Early Neapolitan, 100 days .....	.10	.40	1.25	4.50
Pimento, 110 days .....	.10	.65	2.25	6.00
California Wonder, 120 days .....	.10	.75	2.50	7.00
Long Red Cayenne, 125 days .....	.10	.40	1.25	4.50
Red Chilli, 140 days .....	.10	.40	1.25	4.50

PUMPKIN

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
One ounce will plant 20 hills.				
Virginia Mammoth .....	.10	.15	.45	1.50
Sugar or Pie .....	.10	.15	.40	1.25
Cashaw or Crookneck .....	.10	.15	.40	1.40
Tennessee Sweet Potato .....	.10	.15	.45	1.50
King of the Mammoths .....	.10	.20	.60	2.00
Large Sweet Cheese .....	.10	.15	.40	1.25

RADISH

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
One ounce will plant 8 to 10 pounds an acre.				
Extra Early Scarlet Globe, 25 days.....	.10	.15	.30	.90
Early White Tipped Scarlet Turnip....	.10	.15	.30	.90
Long White Icicle, 30 days .....	.10	.15	.30	.90
Brightest Long Scarlet, 30 days .....	.10	.15	.30	.90

SPINACH

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
Two ounces will plant 100 feet of drill; 12 to 15 lbs. one acre.				
New Zealand, 55 days .....	.10	.15	.50	1.75
Norfolk Savoy or Bloomsdale, 45 days..	.10	.15	.20	.60
Virginia Blight Resistant .....	.10	.15	.20	.60
Long Standing Bloomsdale, 50 days.....	.10	.15	.20	.60

SQUASH

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
Wood's Earliest Prolific, 50 days.....	.10	.20	.50	1.75
Early White Bush, 60 days .....	.10	.15	.40	1.40
Mammoth Yellow Bush, 60 days .....	.10	.15	.40	1.40
Golden Summer Crookneck, 60 days....	.10	.15	.40	1.40
Early Prolific Straightneck .....	.10	.15	.40	1.40
Cocozelle or Italian Marrow, 65 days....	.10	.15	.40	1.40
Black Zucchini .....	.10	.15	.40	1.40



Pritchard or Scarlet Topper Tomato

TOMATO

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
One ounce makes about 1,500 plants; 4 ounces will make enough plants for one acre.				
Marglobe Wilt-Resistant, 100 days .....	.10	.35	1.10	4.00
Certified Marglobe Wilt-Resistant .....	.10	.45	1.45	5.00
Break O'Day Wilt-Resistant, 95 days....	.10	.50	1.60	6.00
Certified Rutgers, Wilt-Resistant, 100 days	.10	.45	1.40	5.00
Rutger's Wilt-Resistant .....	.10	.35	1.10	4.00
Certified Pritchard, 95 days .....	.10	.45	1.40	5.00
June Pink, 95 days .....	.10	.60	2.00	7.50
Stone, 110 days .....	.10	.35	1.10	4.00
Bonnie Best, 100 days .....	.10	.40	1.35	5.00
Golden Ponderosa, 110 days .....	.10	1.00	3.50	12.00

TURNIP

	Postpaid			
	Pkt.	Oz.	½ lb.	Lb.
One ounce plants 100 feet of drill; 1½ lbs. plants 1 acre in drills; 2 lbs. 1 acre broadcast; salad varieties, 3 pounds to the acre.				
Purple Top Strapleaf .....	.10	.15	.20	.60
Mammoth Purple Top White Globe.....	.10	.15	.20	.60
Wood's Imp. Purple Top White Globe....	.10	.15	.35	.75
Pomeranian White Globe .....	.10	.15	.20	.60
Long White Cowhorn .....	.10	.15	.20	.60
White Egg .....	.10	.15	.20	.60
Shogoin (Japanese Salad) .....	.10	.15	.20	.60
Seven Top (Salad Variety) .....	.10	.15	.20	.50
Purple Top Yellow Aberdeen .....	.10	.15	.20	.60
Large Amber or Yellow Globe .....	.10	.15	.20	.60
Golden Ball .....	.10	.15	.20	.60
Southern Prize .....	.10	.15	.20	.50

RUTABAGA

Wood's Improved Purple Top Yellow....	.10	.20	.25	.75
Purple Top Yellow .....	.10	.15	.20	.60

Vegetable Plants

READY FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY

CABBAGE PLANTS—Wakefield and Early Flat Dutch: 65c. per 100; 500 for \$2.75; \$5.00 per 1,000, postpaid. Not postpaid, 50c. per 100; 500 for \$2.40; \$4.50 per 1,000.

ONION PLANTS—65c. per 100; 500 for \$2.75; \$5.00 per 1,000, postpaid. Not postpaid, 50c. per 100; 500 for \$2.40; \$4.50 per 1,000.

LETTUCE PLANTS—READY MAY 1st—Iceberg. 65c. per 100; 500 for \$2.75; \$5.00 per 1,000, postpaid. Not postpaid, 50c. per 100; 500 for \$2.40; \$4.50 per 1,000.

INSECTICIDES

No Article on this Page Can be Mailed Except Those Quoted "Postpaid"

AMMATE WEED KILLER—Kills poison ivy. Exterminates weeds in walks, driveways, tennis courts, etc. By mail postpaid, 2-lb. pkg. 90c.; 6-lb. pkg. \$2.05. Not postpaid, 2 lbs. 75c.; 6 lbs. \$1.80.

ANTROL—Kills All Sweet-Eating Ants. By mail postpaid, set of 4 filled feeders 50c. **Antrol Syrup**—2-oz. bottle, 20c.; 4-oz. bottle, 30c. Not postpaid, set of 4 filled feeders, 40c. **Antrol Syrup**—2-oz. bottle, 10c.; 4-oz. bottle, 20c.

ANT TRAP—Kills both sweet and grease eating ants. Safe and effective. Controls ants in the home, out-of-doors and in greenhouses. By mail postpaid, 15c. Not postpaid, 10c.

ARSENATE OF LEAD—For All Leaf-eating Insects. By mail postpaid, 40c. per lb.; 4-lb. pkg. \$1.00. Not postpaid, 30c. per lb.; 4-lb. pkg. 75c.

ARASAN—For peanuts, corn and vegetable seeds. By mail postpaid, oz. 20c.; 2-oz. pkg. 90c.; 4-lb. pkg. \$5.45. Not postpaid, 8-oz. pkg. 80c.; 4-lb. pkg. \$5.16; 25-lb. pkg. \$30.00.

BLACK LEAF 40—For sucking insects and poultry lice. By mail postpaid, 1-oz. bottle, 40c.; 5-oz. pkg., \$1.15; lb. \$2.60; 2 lbs. \$3.75; 5 lbs. \$7.00; 10 lbs. \$12.00. Not postpaid, 1 oz. 36c.; 5 ozs. \$1.05; lb. \$2.45; 2 lbs. \$3.60; 5 lbs. \$6.70; 10 lbs. \$11.65.

BLUE STONE—Copper Sulphate or Blue Vitriol (Pulverized Snow). By mail postpaid, 5 lbs. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$1.65. Not postpaid, 5 lbs. 75c.; 10 lbs. \$1.30; 25 lbs. \$2.75; 50 lbs. \$5.25; 100 lbs. \$10.00.

BORDEAUX MIXTURE—For blights, scab, mildew, etc. By mail postpaid, lb. 45c.; 4-lb. pkg. 95c. Not postpaid, lb. 35c.; 4-lb. pkg. 75c.

CALCIUM ARSENATE (Arsenate of Lime)—For leaf-eating insects. By mail postpaid, 4-lb. pkg. 75c. each. Not postpaid, 4-lb. pkg. 50c.

CARBON BISULPHIDE—Kills weevils, bugs and insects generally in beans, peas and grains while in storage. Not postpaid, 1-lb. pkg. 40c.; 2½-lb. pkg. 90c. Cannot be mailed.

CERESAN—For Oats, Barley and Wheat. By mail postpaid, 4-oz. pkg. 35c.; lb. 95c.; 4-lb. pkg. \$2.90. Not postpaid, 4-oz. pkg. 30c.; lb. 80c.; 4-lb. pkg. \$2.70; 25-lb. pkg. \$15.00.

2% CERESAN—For cotton. By mail postpaid, lb. 85c.; 4½-lb. pkg., \$3.40. Not postpaid, lb. 75c.; 4½-lb. pkg., \$3.14; 25-lb. pkg., \$14.50.

CRAFTICIDE DDT 5%—By mail postpaid, quart, \$1.10. Not postpaid, quart, 79c.

CRYOLITE—Will kill leaf-eating insects on vegetables, but is not fatal to humans and animals. By mail postpaid, lb. 45c.; 4-lb. bag, \$1.05. Not postpaid, lb. 35c.; 4-lb. bag, 80c.

CYANOGEN A DUST—Kills field mice, moles, rats, mice, cray fish, ground hogs, bed bugs, clothes moths, ants, wasps, yellow jackets, grape leaf hopper, grasshopper, locusts, etc. By mail postpaid, 1-lb. can, 90c.; 5-lb. can, \$3.35. Not postpaid, 1-lb. can, 75c.; 5-lb. can, \$3.00.

CYANOGEN G FUMIGANT—For greenhouse, flour mill and grain fumigation. Kills whitefly, aphs, moths, weevil, rats and mice. By mail postpaid, 5-lb. can, \$3.35. Not postpaid, 5-lb. can, \$3.00; 25-lb. pkg., \$10.00; 100-lb. pkg., \$25.00.

CYANOGEN DUSTERS—Foot duster, \$7.00.

CYANOGEN ANT KILLER—For ants in the garden and lawn. kills millions. By mail postpaid, 40c. Not postpaid, 30c.

DuPONT 5% D. D. T. INSECT SPLAY—For Flies, Mosquitoes, Moths, Bedbugs, Cockroaches, Carpet Beetles, Ants, Fleas, Silverfish, Gnats, Ticks and Certain Other Insects.

DuPont Residual Spray—For Flies, Mosquitoes, Moths, Bedbugs, Cockroaches, Carpet Beetles, Ants, Fleas, Silverfish, Gnats, Ticks, and Certain Insects. 1-pint bottle, not postpaid, 55c.; postpaid, 75c.; 1-quart bottle, not postpaid, \$1.00; postpaid, \$1.25.

DuPont Insect Dust—For Many Home, Garden and Animal Pests, such as Ants, Fleas, Roaches, Bedbugs, Ticks, Lice, Aphids, Cabbage Worms, Corn Borers, etc. 8-ounce shaker-top can, not postpaid, 70c.; postpaid, 85c. Full directions on how to use printed on each package.

"DOGZOFF"—Repels dogs, cats, moles, mice and rabbits. Protects shrubs, garden plants, porch furniture and trees. By mail postpaid, 70c. Not postpaid, 60c.

DUSTING SULPHUR—Apply it for red spider, brown rot, scab, mildew, leaf-spot, rust and other fungus diseases. By mail postpaid, 5 lbs. 70c.; 10 lbs. \$1.10. Not postpaid, 5 lbs. 45c.; 10 lbs. 75c.; 25 lbs. \$1.50; 50 lbs. \$2.80; 100-lb. bag, \$5.25.

D-X ROTENONE—A liquid rotenone for same uses as Rotenone. By mail postpaid, 1½-oz. bottle, 45c.; ½ pint, \$1.35; quart, \$3.65. Not postpaid, 1½ ozs. 35c.; ½ pint, \$1.25; 1 quart, \$3.50; gallon, \$9.50.

D-X ROTENONE-PYRETHRUM SPRAY—With 5per cent DDT. A pyrethrum and rotenone contact spray. Postpaid, 1½-oz. bottle, 40c.; ½-pint can, \$1.40; 1-quart can, \$4.25; 1-gallon can, \$11.75.

D-X NICOTINE SPRAY—Effective against aphids and leaf hoppers. By mail postpaid, 1½-oz. bottle, 50c.; ½ pint, \$1.50; quart, \$4.10. Not postpaid, 1½ oz. 40c.; ½ pint, \$1.40; quart, \$3.95; gallon, \$10.75.

FISH OIL SOAP—(Sometimes called Whale Oil Soap). Destroys mealy bug and almost all lice on plants. By mail postpaid, lb. 45c.; 5 lbs. \$1.75. Not postpaid, lb. 35c.; 5 lbs. \$1.50.

FRUITONE—Prevents dropping of apples, peaches, praches and cherries. By mail postpaid, trial pkg. 25c.; 2-cz. can, \$1.05. Not postpaid, 2-oz. can, \$1.00.

GRAFTING WAX—By mail postpaid, ½ lb. 35c.; lb. 60c. Not postpaid, ½ lb. 30c.; lb. 50c.

LIME-SULPHUR—For San Jose Scale. The most generally used and very effective remedy for San Jose Scale.

Dry Lime-Sulphur—By mail postpaid, lb. 35c.; 5 lbs. \$1.50; 12½ lbs. \$2.10. Not postpaid, lb. 25c.; 5 lbs. \$1.25; 12½ lbs. \$1.70; 25 lbs. \$3.25; 100 lbs. \$12.50.

Lime-Sulphur Solution—50-gal. barrel, \$10.00. 50-gal. barrels \$3.00 extra, but returnable. Cannot be mailed. No containers are available for smaller quantities.

LONDON PURPLE—For Leaf-eating Insects. By mail postpaid, ¼ lb. 20c.; lb. 50c.

MOLOGEN—Eliminates moles from lawns. Not poisonous to humans and pets. By mail postpaid, ½ lb. 60c.; 1½-lb. pkg. \$1.40; 5 lbs. \$4.25. Not postpaid, ½ lb. 50c.; 1½-lb. pkg., \$1.25; 5 lbs. \$4.00.

MOUSE SEED—Kills mice. Clean, ready to use; no bait, no muss; a saucer and Mouse Seed is all you need. By mail postpaid, 30c. Not postpaid, 25c.

NICOTINE PYROX—A complete garden spray in a single form. By mail postpaid, 17-oz. pkg. 75c.; 5-lb. jar, \$2.35. Not postpaid, 17-oz. pkg. 60c.; 5-lb. jar, \$2.00.

PARIS GREEN—For Leaf-eating Insects. By mail postpaid, ¼ lb. 20c.; 1-lb. 55c.; 5-lb. pkg. \$2.25. Not postpaid, ¼ lb. 15c.; 1 lb. 45c.; 5-lb. pkg. \$2.00.

PARA-DI-CHLORO-BENZENE—Sometimes called Para; for peach tree borer and tobacco blue mold. By mail postpaid, lb. 50c.; 5-lb. pkg. \$1.75. Not postpaid, lb. 40c.; 5-lb. pkg. \$1.50; 25-lb. drum, \$6.00; 50-lb. drum, \$11.00; 100-lb. drum, \$20.00.

PLANTABS—A complete plant food in odorless, ready-to-use tablet form. 36 tablets, 25c.; 90 tablets, 50c.; 240 tablets \$1.00; 2 lbs. \$2.75, postpaid.

RAT AND MOUSE BAIT—Not poisonous, but deadly to rats and mice. They go into the open air to die. By mail postpaid, 20c. per pkg. of 10 baits. Not postpaid, 15c. per pkg.

RED RIVER POTATO MIX—Kills potato bugs, drives off flea beetles and leafhoppers, prevents blight, stimulates foliage, making more and better potatoes. By mail postpaid, 1-lb. pkg. 45c.; 4-lb. bag, \$1.20. Not postpaid, 1 lb. 35c.; 4 lbs. 95c.

RED ARROW GARDEN SPRAY—For Chewing and Sucking Insects. A pyrethrum spray. ½ pint makes 50 gallons. By mail postpaid, oz. 35c.; 4 ozs. \$1.00; pint, \$2.85.

.75 ROTENONE—Kills insects on vegetation, but leaves no poisonous residue. By mail postpaid, 6-lb. pkg. \$1.50. Not postpaid, 6-lb. pkg. \$1.20; 50-lbs. \$7.25.

ROTENONE GARDEN SPRAY NNOR—Kills most of the common garden pests of both the sucking and leaf-eating types. By mail postpaid, 1-oz. bottle (makes up to 6 gallons), 45c.; 6-oz. bottle \$1.20; 16-oz. bottle \$2.40. Not postpaid, 1 oz. 35c.; 6 ozs. \$1.00; 16 ozs. \$2.15; gallon, \$13.50.

ROOTONE—Makes cuttings easy to root. ¼ oz. pkg. (treats 400 cuttings), 25c.; 2-oz. jar, \$1.00; lb. \$5.00, postpaid.

SCALECIDE—For San Jose Scale. A high-grade miscible oil spray, that is, one that mixes perfectly with cold water. Quart, 75c.; gallon, \$1.75; 5 gallons, \$6.35; 15 gallons, \$14.95; 55-gallon drum \$35.89. Drums returnable at \$2.50.

SCIENTIFIC ROSE SREAY—A three-way spray to combat insects, fungus and other diseases on all flowering plants. The numbers indicate how many gallons each package will make. By mail postpaid, No. 3, \$1.15; No. 6, \$1.75; No. 24, \$4.35; No. 48, \$6.75. Not postpaid, No. 3, 95c.; No. 6, \$1.50; No. 24, \$4.00; No. 48, \$6.00.

SEMESAN, J.L.—For Corn. By mail postpaid, 1½-oz. pkg. 25c.; 12-oz. pkg. 70c.; 6½ lbs. \$4.00. Not postpaid, 1½-oz. pkg. 15c.; 12-oz. pkg. 56c.; 6½-lb. pkg. \$3.75; 25-lb. pkg. \$12.50.

SEMESAN BEL—For Potatoes. By mail postpaid, 2-oz. pkg., 35c.; lb. \$1.80; 4 lbs. \$6.00. Not postpaid, 2-oz. pkg. 30c.; lb. \$1.65; 4-lb. pkg. \$5.70; 25-lb. pkg. \$33.25.

SEMESAN—Quickens and increases the germination in seeds; produces stronger and more vigorous plants, arrests or destroys most of the fungus and bacterial diseases carried on the surface of seeds, wildfire in tobacco; 2 to 3 ounces will treat a bushel of grain; 1 ounce treats 15 pounds of tobacco and vegetable seeds. By mail postpaid, ¾-oz. pkg. 15c.; 2-oz. pkg. 50c.; 12-oz. pkg. \$2.00; 4 lbs. \$9.50; 25 lbs. \$53.25. Not postpaid, ¾-oz. pkg. 10c.; 2-oz. pkg. 40c.; 12-oz. pkg. \$1.88; 4-lb. pkg. \$9.10; 25-lb. pkg. \$52.50.

SPRAY SPREADER—It spreads the spray; makes it stick to the leaf. Use 2 lbs. to 100 gallons of spray. By mail postpaid, 2-lb. pkg. 65c. Not postpaid, 2-lb. pkg. 50c.

STANLEY'S CROW REPELLENT—It protects your corn plantings by keeping off crows, larks, blackbirds and other corn-pulling birds, as well as moles, woodchucks, squirrels, etc. By mail postpaid, ½ pint (enough for 1 bushel corn), 70c.; pint, \$1.15; quart, \$2.00. Not postpaid, ½ pint, 60c.; pint, \$1.00; quart, \$1.75.

SULFOCIDE—A highly concentrated liquid sulphur fungicide for summer spraying. By mail postpaid, pint 70c.; quart, \$1.15; gallon, \$2.85. Not postpaid, pint, 60c.; quart, \$1.00; gallon, \$2.50.

TRIOGEN—Destroys leaf-eating insects like rose slugs, caterpillars, webworm, red spider, plant lice, aster beetles, etc. By mail postpaid, Economy Kit, makes 8 quarts, \$1.00; A, Small Kit, makes 16 quarts, \$1.65; B, Medium Kit, makes 64 quarts, \$4.25; C, Large Kit, makes 32 gallons, \$6.40. Not postpaid, Economy Kit, makes 8 quarts, 90c.; A, Small kit, makes 16 quarts, \$1.50; B, Medium Kit, makes 64 quarts, \$4.00; C, Large Kit, makes 32 gallons, \$6.00.

TOBACCO DUST—By mail postpaid, 10 lbs. \$1.00; 25 lbs. \$1.85; 50 lbs. \$3.10. Not postpaid, 10 lbs. 70c.; 25 lbs. \$1.25; 50 lbs. \$2.00; 100 lbs. \$3.50.

TOMATO DUST—Controls early and late blight, worms and fruit worms, flea beetles and chewing insects. By mail, lb. 70c.; 4-lb. pkg. \$1.00. Not postpaid, lb. 55c.; 4-lb. pkg. 80c.

TRANSPLANTONE—A water soluble powder containing Vitamin B1, to repair root growth when seedlings, flowering plants, shrubs or trees are transplanted. ¼-oz. can, 25c.; 3-oz. can, \$1.00; lb. \$4.00.

VITAMIN B1—Claimed to revitalize weak, sickly plants, produce more vigorous root growth and more and larger blooms. Trial size (25 tablets), 20c.; large size (80 tablets), 35c., postpaid.

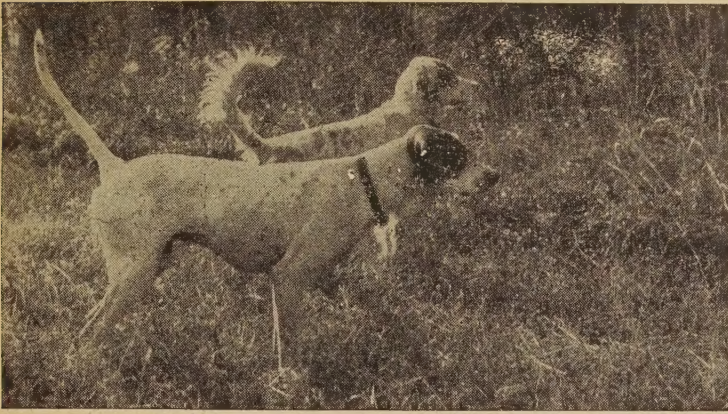
VOLCK—For scale insects, mealy bugs, white flies, red spiders, rust, mites and similar insects. By mail postpaid, 4-ozs 35c.; 16 ozs. 65c. Not postpaid, 4 ozs. 25c.; 16 ozs. 50c.; gallon, \$2.25; 5 gallons, \$8.50.

WEEDONE—Kills weeds underground as well as above ground; right down to the root tips. By mail postpaid, 6-oz. bottle, \$1.15; quart, \$4.25. Not postpaid, 6-oz. bottle, \$1.00; quart, \$4.00; gallon, \$12.00; 5-gallon drum, \$55.00.

WETTAFLE SULPHUR—Wets quickly, stays long in suspension and may be used in combination with lead arsenate, Black Leaf 40 rotenone, pyrethrum and oil sprays. By mail postpaid, 2-lb. pkg. 45c. Not postpaid, 2-lb. pkg. 35c.

ZINC SULPHATE—For control of peach bacterial spot and possibly brown-rot and scab. By mail postpaid, 5 lbs. 75c.; 10 lbs. \$1.20; 25 lbs. \$2.65. Not postpaid, 5 lbs. 50c.; 10 lbs. 85c.; 25 lbs. \$2.00.

Find Quail Where Their Preferred Foods Grow



Delivery John (Pointer), and Peerless Judge,
Owned by Louis M. Bobbitt, Winston-Salem, N. C.

Why Hunt All Over the Woods?

Go to patches of WOOD'S QUAIL PLANTING MIXTURE to find birds.

Lespedeza alone is not the answer. Old-time bird hunters know where to find birds—in patches of cow peas, cane, millet, etc. However, the food from any one of these desirable crops lasts only a short while. Then the quail must range elsewhere for food.

To find out the combination of desired crops that would furnish food the year round, we have examined hundreds of quail "craws" for many years to study their food habits.

Quail Like a Variety of Seeds

WOOD'S QUAIL PLANTING MIXTURE contains 15 kinds of seeds, including the foods most frequently found in quail stomachs. These foods, maturing at different times, furnish seed and greens the year round. This enables a farm to grow more quail and attracts them from other areas where food has become scarce. It assists young birds to grow quickly and keeps them in plump, vigorous condition.

Year-Round Food Supply

WOOD'S QUAIL PLANTING MIXTURE contains three kinds of cow peas: six weeks' peas that mature during the hatching season, mid-season, peas, and late peas to hold birds during the hunting season. It has early, medium and late millet, including Brown Top Millet, so popular with hunting preserves in the deep south. It includes the new, heavy grain producing, dwarf kaffir corn or milo maize. It has early and late small seeded soybeans and buckwheat, relished by birds. Vetch, crimson clover and rape furnish green food or seed during the winter and spring months.

The mixture furnishes low cover, so important for protecting birds from their natural enemies, yet does not grow tall enough to interfere with shooting.

Our formula is based on 40 years of testing on our own hunting preserve, combined with recommendations and cooperative tests on some of the largest hunting preserves in the South.

Game Management Advice

We now employ one of the best authorities on game management in the South to carry on these tests. On request, he supervises plantings on Southern game preserves free.

Only seeds of the highest purity and germination are used in our mixture, yet it is priced lower than the seeds could be bought separately and mixed by individuals.

Sesbania

Excellent for the Southern Coastal Plains. Made more seed than any other crop in a 5-year Georgia test. Game birds are attracted from a distance by the seed, which lies on the ground all winter without decaying. Does well on any soil if cultivated, but best on rich bottoms if broadcast. Makes a quick vigorous growth and furnishes excellent cover.

A superior soil-improving crop. With moisture it creates more nitrogen and humus than any other plant, grows very rapidly and is ready to plow under in 45 to 60 days, attaining a height of 6 to 8 feet. Should be plowed under before reaching its full maturity, as it becomes too fibrous. Plant from April to July. Requires warm weather to make its rapid growth. Puts heavy or wet soils in good production in one year. Root growth is very rapid, from 12 to 18 inches deep in 8 weeks, and is entirely covered with nodules. Primarily a tropical plant, but matured seed as far north as Washington, D. C. Fine soil building crop through Eastern Virginia, the Carolinas and deep south.

Sow 20 to 25 lbs. per acre. Our seed is scarified and high in germination. Inoculate with Wood's Inoculant 5.

Have us send some WOOD'S QUAIL PLANTING MIXTURE to the farms where you hunted last fall. Ask the farmer to plant it in little patches over the farm, and find more birds next season.

HOW TO PLANT

Broadcast 30 lbs. per acre in May or June, on prepared land. 300 lbs. per acre of 4-12-4 or other fertilizer is desirable but not required. It partially reseeds itself, yet it pays to disk harrow and re-sow every year. The legumes enrich the soil, more than paying for the cost of seeding it.

For QUAIL, sow in long strips, near cover or hedgerows, or in openings or fire lanes in woods.

WILD TURKEY or PHEASANTS (where they exist), can be attracted and multiplied by sowing it in wider strips in secluded spots.

Dove Hunters

You will find WOOD'S QUAIL PLANTING MIXTURE equally effective, attracting doves, if planted in one or two acre plots in the center of open areas.

Brown Top Millet

Draws doves many miles. Relished by quail and turkey. Similar to German millet but has larger heads, and produces more seed and leaf growth. Furnishes excellent cover. It is sought after by experienced game managers on the largest Southern game preserves.

German Millet

Big head, large yielding type. Makes a bumper crop of easily cured hay in 60 days. One of the easiest grown summer catch crops when feed is short. Smothers out weeds, leaving ground in fine condition for fall crops. Drill 50 lbs. per acre on harrowed wheat or oat land from May to July. Apply 300 lbs. per acre of 4-12-4 fertilizer. Thin seeding makes coarse stems and poor quality hay. Broadcast 25 lbs. with a bus. of soy beans or cow peas for higher yield of more nutritious hay and is better for the land. Cut when the millet blooms. Later woody fibre forms, making the hay coarse and unpalatable.

Dwarf Essex Rape

An excellent pasture crop for sheep, hogs, calves, poultry or birds. Pigs pastured on rape require less grain feed for 100 lbs. of gain than when grazed on alfalfa. One of the quickest growing and cheapest pasture crops. Ready in 6 weeks. Sow 5 lbs. with 2 bus. oats per acre. Sow alone, 6 to 8 lbs. per acre broadcast, or 3 to 4 lbs. in drills 18 to 20 inches apart.



Japanese Buckwheat

A good summer poor land or soil improving crop to smother weeds, or for bees or birds. No grain crop can be grown easier or in less time, maturing in two months. Its flour makes delicious cakes. June to August broadcast 50 lbs. per acre. Requires but little soil preparation. Excellent summer cover crop for orchards.



DAHLIAS

DAHLIAS are at their best during the latter part of September or early in October. To get exhibition blooms, disbud plants up to August 15th. Spade or plow the soil 12 to 18 inches deep; fertilize with well-rotted stable manure. If soil is very heavy, incorporate a liberal quantity of granulated peat moss. About August 1st, apply about one-half pound Vigoro to each plant and work in thoroughly.



ANNA BENEDICT—A beautiful shade of garnet-red with darker shadings at base. A thrifty grower with lots of substance, good form and strong stems. 75c. each; 3 for \$2.00, postpaid.

AVALON—The finest of all clear yellow Dahlias. 7 to 9 inches across, 4 to 5 inches deep. Strong and vigorous plant, 3 to 4 feet tall. 60c. each; 3 for \$1.50, postpaid.

FOET MONMOUTH—A grand rich crimson maroon, shaded with bluish violet at tips of petals. Flowers often 10 to 12 inches across. 75c. each; 3 for \$2.00, postpaid.

GALLANT FOX—Brilliant claret red. The fine keeping 6-inch blooms are borne on long stems. 50c. each; 3 for \$1.25, postpaid.

JANE COWL—A superb informal decorative Dahlia that holds its giant blooms high on rigid stems. Bronze, buff and old gold, blending to apricot at center. 50c. each; 3 for \$1.25, postpaid.

JERSEY BEAUTY—The large, full deep flowers are an exquisite pink; a perfect bloom borne above the foliage on long, wiry stems. 50c. each; 3 for \$1.25, postpaid.

KENTUCKY—Exactly like Jersey Beauty, except in color; pink with a blending of yellow and gold, best described as lovely salmon pink. 50c. each; 3 for \$1.25, postpaid.

MRS. GEO. LE BOUTILLIER—Rich, velvety carmine, producing giant flowers on long stems. Good garden variety. 75c. each; 3 for \$2.00, postpaid.

MARSHALL'S PINK—Large globe-shaped flower; bright pink with silver sheen. A beauty in the garden and a good commercial Dahlia. 60c. each; 3 for \$1.50, postpaid.

MONMOUTH CHAMPION—Brilliant flame red with long twisted petals that curl at the end. Blooms often 9 inches across; strong, stiff stems. 75c. each; 3 for \$2.00, postpaid.

MRS. De Ver WARNER—A refined mauve pink, extra large flowers on long, strong stems; free and continuous bloomer. 50c. each; 3 for \$1.25, postpaid.

SULTAN OF HILLCREST—Of unique form with petals recurving to the stem, which attracts one's attention. Huge blooms of lemon-yellow with reverse of rose-pink on fine stems. 75c. each; 3 for \$2.00, postpaid.

THOMAS EDISON—A grand and striking variety of deep royal purple. D deservedly popular. 75c. each; 3 for \$2.00, postpaid.

WATCHUNG GIANT—A huge yellow-gold variety that has all the qualities to make it a winner with those who want enormous flowers. 60c. each; 3 for \$1.50, postpaid.

WHITE JERSEY BEAUTY—Except in color, like the well known Jersey Beauty, described above. 75c. each; 3 for \$2.00, postpaid.

WHITE WONDER—The giant blooms are pure white with long twisted and curled petals; the greatest white Dahlia. 75c. each; 3 for \$2.00, postpaid.

MIXED DAHLIAS—Our mixture is made up of a wide variety of types and colors. By mail postpaid, 50c. each; 4 for \$1.75; \$4.75 per dozen. Not postpaid, 45c. each; 4 for \$1.50; \$4.50 per dozen.

POMPON DAHLIAS

These dainty little Dahlias are admired by everybody. They bloom most profusely early in the season until frost, furnishing at all times an abundance of flowers, on good stems, suitable for cutting.

EDITH MUELLER—Two-toned salmon red and gold.

HONEY—Base of petals is yellow with an overcast of red.

MORNING MIST—Rosy-lavender on a white base. Large, strong stems.

LITTLE SNOW WHITE—A new white pompon, miles ahead of any that we have grown.

BOTHOUT—Deep scarlet and a favorite in this color. Long, strong stem and free flowering.

Any of the above, 40c. each; 3 for \$1.00, postpaid.

MINIATURE DAHLIAS

Miniature Dahlias produce flowers averaging less than three inches in diameter. They are a delightful subject for the garden and yield a great abundance of cut flowers.

BISHOP OPLLANSDAFF—Petals are bright scarlet with a center of deep garnet. Foliage is lacy and of reddish bronze color.

BABY SAGAMORE—Perfect decorative form. Flowers are orange-yellow, borne very profusely on tall, strong plants.

FAIRY—Color is almost the same as Jersey Beauty. Long stems and tall grower.

LANNIE—Very free blooming variety. Deep yellow of compact formation on long stems.

LITTLE DIAMOND—Small, perfectly formed cactus. Lavender-rose with sulphur-yellow base. Extra fine.

LITTLE FIREBALL—A very bright red miniature. Long stems and perfect form.

LITTLE SNOW QUEEN—A miniature pure white cactus. A good cut flower variety.

All above Miniature Dahlias, 50c. each; 3 for \$1.25, postpaid.

BRONZE-LEAVED CANNAS

KING HUMBERT—4 feet. Bronze leaved. Immense orchid-like orange-scarlet, rose tinted and margined at the base; majestic and striking. 25c. each; 3 for 60c.; 6 for \$1.00; \$1.75 per dozen, postpaid.

SHENANDOAH—4 feet. Bears large clusters of salmon-pink blooms; the foliage is rich ruby-red. A fine bedder. 25c. each; 3 for 60c.; \$1.75 per dozen, postpaid.

WYOMING—5 feet. The rich bronze foliage is crowned by immense trusses of intense rich orange blooms. A majestic Cannas. 25c. each; 3 for 60c.; \$1.75 per dozen, postpaid.

TUBEROSES

One of the most delightfully fragrant summer blooming flowers. Plant when the ground gets warm or start in pots and set outside in May; give them plenty of water. Our bulbs are extra large.

Pearl. By mail postpaid, 3 for 50c.; 6 for 90c.; \$1.65 per dozen; 25 for \$3.00. Not postpaid, \$1.50 per dozen; 25 for \$2.75.

CALADIUMS

(ELEPHANT'S EAR)

A very effective plant for beds or groups, especially in lawns. To have the best results they must have an abundance of water and plenty of rich manure. When full grown, they stand 6 to 8 feet high, and bear immense light-green leaves 3 to 4 feet long by 2 to 2½ feet wide.

Mammoth Bulbs—9 to 11 inches in circumference. By mail postpaid, 60c. each; 3 for \$1.50. Not postpaid, 50c. each; 3 for \$1.35.

Fancy Leaved Caladiums

Superb foliage plants for window and porch boxes and shaded places outdoors. Beautiful designs and gorgeous colorings. 50c. each; 3 for \$1.25; 6 for \$2.25, postpaid.

MADEIRA VINE ROOT

An old-fashioned, but very popular climber of rapid growth, covering a large space in a short time; useful for porches and arbors. If planted deep and protected during the winter, they last for several years and multiply. By mail postpaid, 3 for 35c.; 6 for 60c.; \$1.10 per dozen. Not postpaid, \$1.00 per dozen.

Cannas

Gorgeous and effective bedding plants. They grow well in any soil, but respond quickly to liberal treatment. In groups or as backgrounds for smaller plants they present a brilliant and continuous display till frost.

Plant the dormant roots when the ground is warm. Set them 3 inches deep and space them 1½ to 2 feet apart. **Roots will be ready March 15th.**



GREEN-LEAVED CANNAS

CITY OF PORTLAND—3½ feet. A warm glowing shade of rose pink; extra large blooms are borne on heavy trusses. 25c. each; 3 for 60c.; \$1.75 per dozen, postpaid.

EUREKA—4 feet. A free flowering variety with striking white blooms which at first appear cream. Without question the greatest of the white Cannas. 30c. each; 3 for 75c.; \$2.00 per dozen, postpaid.

YELLOW KING HUMBERT—4 feet. Bears masses of rich yellow flowers spotted with bright red; occasionally some will be streaked with red, an improvement rather than a defect; often 5 to 7 inches across, single petals, 3 inches. 25c. each; 3 for 60c.; 6 for \$1.00; \$1.75 per dozen, postpaid.

THE PRESIDENT—4 feet. The immense blooms are a rich glowing scarlet; no other scarlet Cannas is superior in the quality and quantity of blooms, which are borne on strong, erect stalks; one of the first to bloom and continues till frost. 25c. each; 3 for 60c.; 6 for \$1.00; \$1.75 per dozen, postpaid.

GLADIOLUS--

For a succession, plant at intervals from April 1st to the end of June. Any good garden soil will grow Gladiolus well, provided they are planted in a sunny location.

Bulbs should be planted 4 inches deep and at least 6 inches apart; frequent cultivation with a hoe or weeder, around the base of the plants, to prevent the soil becoming hard and dry, is advisable.

BEACON—Bright rose-scarlet with pronounced cream blotch. \$1.00 per dozen; \$6.50 per 100.

DEBONAIR—LaFrance pink, shading to shrimp with creamy throat blotch, lightly peppered crimson. Several blooms open at once on tall, straight spikes. 90c. per dozen; \$6.00 per 100.

EXCELLENCE—Deep orange-vermilion with faint throat markings of a slightly deeper shade. Very early and a gorgeous color. 90c. per dozen; \$6.00 per 100.

FLAMING SWORD—Bright red or flame color; the large blooms are carried on long stems and are well placed. 80c. per dozen; \$5.50 per 100.

MARGARET BEATON—Pure snow-white with small orange scarlet blotch in throat. Very striking. \$1.15 per dozen; \$8.00 per 100.

MARGARET FULTON—Rich, deep salmon of an unusually solid color. Very heavy texture and fine keeping qualities make this first choice with many growers. 80c. per dozen; \$5.50 per 100.

MINUET—The most exquisite of the lavender varieties; 5 or more blooms open at a time; a beautiful flower. \$1.00 per dozen; \$6.50 per 100.

PEGGY LOU—Smooth, deep shrimp-pink with rosy cast and deeper peppering of rose in throat. Size and form resemble Picardy but many prefer its deeper pink color. \$1.00 per dozen; \$6.50 per 100.

PELEGRINA—Very handsome deep purple without markings. Considered the best in this color. \$1.00 per dozen; \$6.50 per 100.

PICARDY—The best of its color; a beautiful apricot pink. The individual blooms are extremely large and slightly ruffled. Quite a sensational flower. \$1.00 per dozen; \$6.50 per 100.

GOLD EAGLE—A beautiful deep yellow. One of the earliest to bloom. 80c. per dozen; \$5.50 per 100.

JEANIE—Clear, rich pink with small white midribs and creamy-yellow throat. Tall, strong plant. Fast germinator. We think that Jeanie will quickly be accepted as a fine addition to the pink list. \$1.25 per dozen; \$9.00 per 100.

KING ARTHUR—Deep rosy-lavender, slightly ruffled on medium spike. Large flower. 90c. per dozen; \$6.00 per 100.

MAID OF ORLEANS—Milky white with cream throat; tall, straight spikes with as many as eight blooms open at a time. \$1.00 per dozen; \$6.50 per 100.

RAPTURE—Tall, light salmon with creamy throat. Good grower and propagator. 90c. per dozen; \$6.00 per hundred.

ROSA VAN LIMA—Pure light rose; many flowers open at one time; strong, straight spikes. \$1.00 per dozen; \$6.50 per 100.

SHIRLEY TEMPLE—Cream with darker throat. Individual florets over 6 inches in width. Splendid grower. 90c. per dozen; \$6.50 per 100.

VAGABOND PRINCE—Garnet-brown with glowing scarlet spot on lower petals. A gorgeously beautiful flower. \$1.00 per dozen; \$6.50 per 100.

MIXED GLADIOLUS—A well-balanced mixture of all colors from pure white to dark red. 80c. per dozen; \$5.25 per 100.



TUBEROUS-ROOTED BEGONIAS

Begonias may be grown in porch or window boxes or in the garden in semi-shady places. They may be started in pots and put outside after the weather becomes warm or may be planted outside after May 1st. With reasonable care will bloom continuously from July 1st, till frost.

EXTRA LARGE BULBS—Single, Mixed Colors, 20c. each; \$2.00 per doz. Double, Mixed Colors, 20c. each; \$2.25 per doz.



Make Your Garden the Family Recreation Room!

Does your family enjoy the garden and lawn? Your garden will be more appealing if you make sure the lawn is smooth and velvety-green, and the flowers are blossoming with vitality and beauty. Proper feeding goes a long way toward assuring the beauty you want. Use VIGORO, the complete plant food. It supplies all 11 elements plants need from soil. Clean, odorless, sanitary, Vigoro brings gardening success to millions.

PRICES

VIGORO Complete plant food	5 lbs. \$.45
	10 lbs. .... .85
	25 lbs. 1.50
	50 lbs. 2.50
	100 lbs. 4.00

A Product of Swift & Company F. O. B. Richmond

ADCO

By the use of ADCO all the non-woody vegetable refuse, such as stalks, cuttings, weeds, withered leaves and flowers, potato, bean and pea vines, cabbage leaves and stalks, etc., is converted into artificial manure. You not only get rid of a lot of useless and unsightly rubbish, but you turn it into rich, clean manure.

The method is very simple. The refuse is arranged in layers, sprinkled with ADCO and then saturated with water, according to the directions which accompany each bag. Nothing further is required beyond keeping the heap moist and perhaps turning it over once or twice. In from three to six months it becomes converted into real manure of excellent quality. 7½-lb. pkg., \$1.00; 25-lb. bag, \$2.00; 100-lb. bag, \$7.75.

DRICONURE

The new Improved **Driconure** answers the need for a complete all organic fertilizer and soil conditioner—a plant food that is safe for the home gardener's use as well as the professional grower's. It is the result of more than three years' research work.

Driconure contains only nature's own products—cow manure, poultry manure and peat moss—all perfectly blended in the correct proportions to assure better growth—better garden results.

Driconure contains approximately three-fourths dehydrated cow and poultry manures, and one-fourth peat moss. It is a true combination, not a mixture.

7½-lb. bag, 50c.; 50-lb. bag, \$2.00; 5-bag (50-lb. bag) lots, \$1.95 per bag; 10-bag lots, \$1.90 per bag; 20-bag lots, \$1.80 per 50-lb. bag.



T. W. WOOD & SONS,

SEEDSMEN SINCE 1879

Richmond, Virginia

Wilmington, N. C.

WOOD'S SEEDS

The Sign of Good Seeds

Section 562, P. L. & R.

U. S. POSTAGE

PAID

RICHMOND, VA.

Permit No. 142

LIBRARIAN, U. S. DEPT. OF AGRI.
WASHINGTON, 25, D. C.

NEW REDUCED PRICES ON

Wood's Baby Chicks

From Selected Blood-Tested Flocks

By Ordering Chicks Now, You Can Be Sure of Early Profits

Book Now for Spring Delivery. It will be to your advantage to book now, as orders booked now will get preference on date of shipment should hatches be disappointing. We are now booked up through March 22nd.

Raise Chickens for Your Own Meat and Egg Supply

GOOD HEALTH, STURDINESS, AND QUICKNESS IN REACHING MARKET SIZE OR BREEDING STAGE ARE FAR MORE IMPORTANT THAN FIRST COST.

You cannot count on such points except in chicks of highest breeding.

Note these attractive prices, which are **POSTPAID TO YOU.**

100% LIVE DELIVERY GUARANTEED

TERMS: CASH WITH ORDER

HATCH DAYS: TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

FOR APRIL, MAY AND JUNE DELIVERY

	Per 25	Per 50	Per 100
BARRED ROCKS	\$3.75	\$6.75	\$12.50
WHITE LEGHORNS	3.75	6.75	12.50
WHITE WYANDOTTES	3.75	6.75	12.50
WHITE ROCKS	3.75	6.75	12.50
RHODE ISLAND REDS	3.75	6.75	12.50
NEW HAMPSHIREs	4.00	7.50	14.00
NEW ENGLAND CROSS	4.00	7.50	14.00
HEAVY ASSORTED	3.65	6.50	12.50

Dog Foods



HUNT CLUB DOG FOOD was originally developed for the use of breeders and kennel owners who know the importance of proper feeding.

The chief ingredients of **Hunt Club** are beef and liver, making it equal to a two-thirds fresh meat diet. In addition, it contains 17 other ingredients in correct dietetic proportions to provide all the nutritive elements and vitamins necessary to keep a dog in perfect condition.

HUNT CLUB DOG FOOD—100-lb. bags, \$7.75; 50-lb. bags, \$3.95; 25-lb. bags, \$2.00; 10-lb. bags, 90c.; 5-lb. bags, 50c.

HUNT CLUB CUBES—100-lb. bags, \$8.00; 50-lb. bags, \$4.10; 25-lb. bags, \$2.15; 10-lb. bags, 95c.; 5-lb. bags, 50c.

PARD DOG FOOD (A Swift & Co. Product)—Dehydrated. In box, 1/2 lb., 11c.; 48 boxes, \$5.00.

Wood's Feeds

Mash and Mixed Feeds in Print Cloth Bags

We were very fortunate in securing quite a large quantity of extra fine, close weave, special quality print cloth material with beautiful designs, for packing our mash feed. This is much better quality than the standard dress print bags generally used. This extra fine cloth normally retailed for 39c. or 40c. per yard and there are approximately 1 1/2 yards in our mash food bags. Our scratch feed is packed in regular standard dress print bags, not as fine quality as our mash, but desirable quality for home use.

10c. per 100-lb bag off for Store Door Delivery on Mash and Grain Feeds.

MASH FEEDS

	10-lb. bag.	50-lb. bag.	100-lb. bag.
HOLLYBROOK LAYING MASH			
With dried milk	\$.50	\$2.15	\$4.10
HOLLYBROOK GROWING MASH			
With dried milk and cod liver oil..	.50	2.10	4.05
HOLLYBROOK STARTING MASH			
With cod liver oil and dried milk..	.50	2.05	3.95

SCRATCH FEEDS

PAMUNKEY SCRATCH .....	.50	1.90	3.60
Includes cracked corn, wheat, etc., but no grit or shell.			
HOLLYBROOK CHICK GRAINS....	.50	2.00	3.80
HOLLYBROOK DEVELOPING FOOD .50		2.00	3.80

WOOD'S PIGEON FEEDS

PAMUNKEY PIGEON, with corn...	.60	2.35	4.55
HOLLYBROOK PIGEON, without corn .65		2.90	5.60
FAUST PIGEON HEALTH GRIT....	.30	1.20	2.35
WHITE FIELD PEAS (for pigeons) 1.00		3.95	7.75

POULTRY GRAINS

LARGE YELLOW or HOG MILLET ..	.65	2.60	5.00
GROUND OATS —(Sold Out)			
HEAVY WHITE OATS —(Sold Out)			
WHITE FEED OATS —(Sold Out)			
WHITE MILLING CORN —(Sold Out)			

MISCELLANEOUS FEEDS

17% Dehydrated ALFALFA MEAL ..	.50	1.85	3.55
15% Dehydrated ALFALFA MEAL ..	.50	1.80	3.40
POULTRY GRIT, coarse, fine, medium .15		.50	.90
OYSTER SHELLS—For Poultry ....	.20	.65	1.15
GAME BIRD SCATTER FOOD	1.10	4.50	8.50
POULTRY LITTER PEANUT HULLS —\$2.25 per bale.			